

# **Planned Cougar RCS Test**

**Resonant Sciences  
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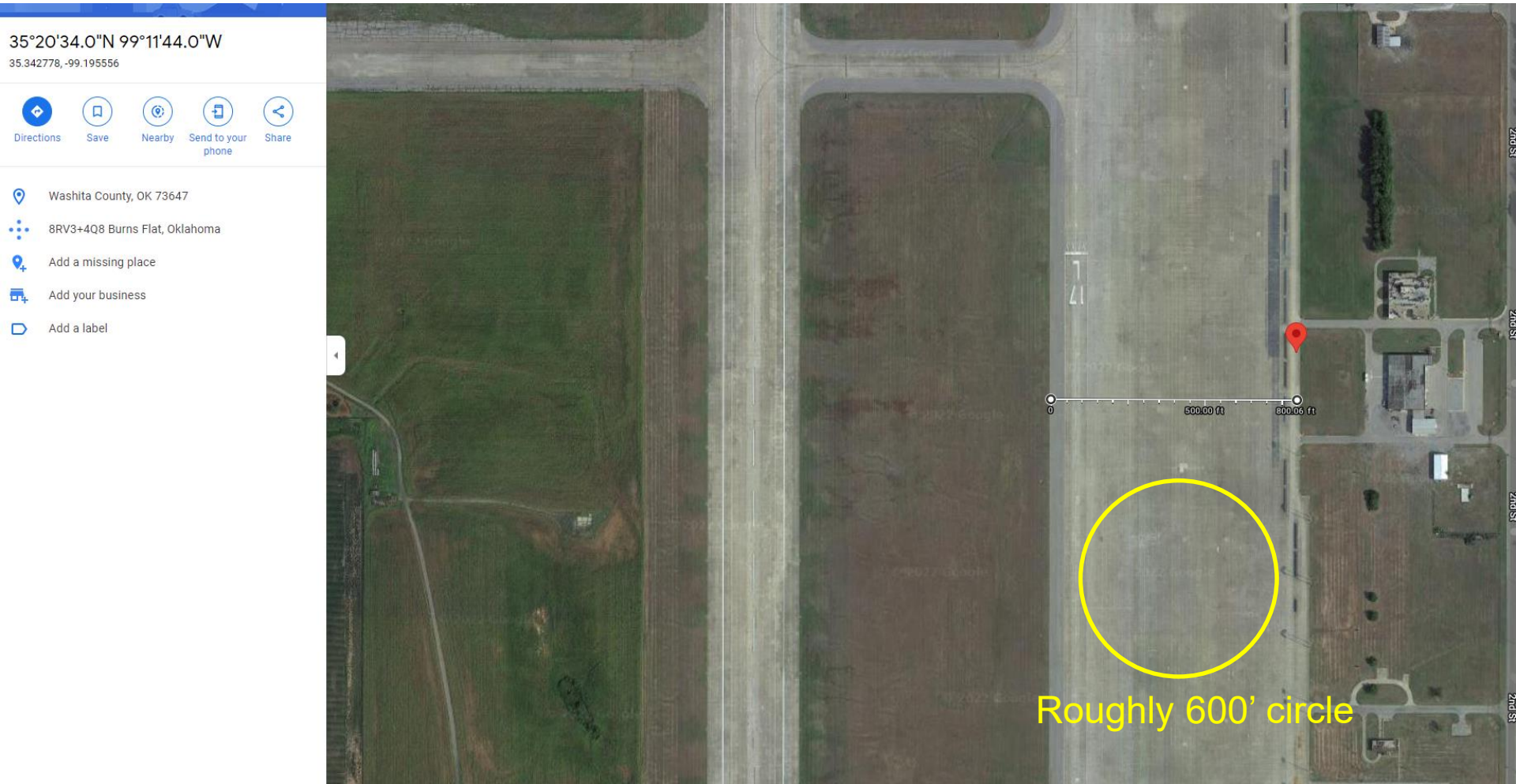
# Motivation and Overview

- Customer requested RCS assessment of Cougar
  - Site survey: 9-13 May 2022
  - Target measurement: 6-10 Jun 2022
- RS has developed plan for:
  - Frequency Range: 2-18 GHz
  - Polarizations: HH/VV
  - Aspect: 360° ground-bounce
  - Standoff: 300', elevation angle ~ 2°
- RS has been working through FCC approval for measurement at the Clinton Sherman Airport near Clinton, OK

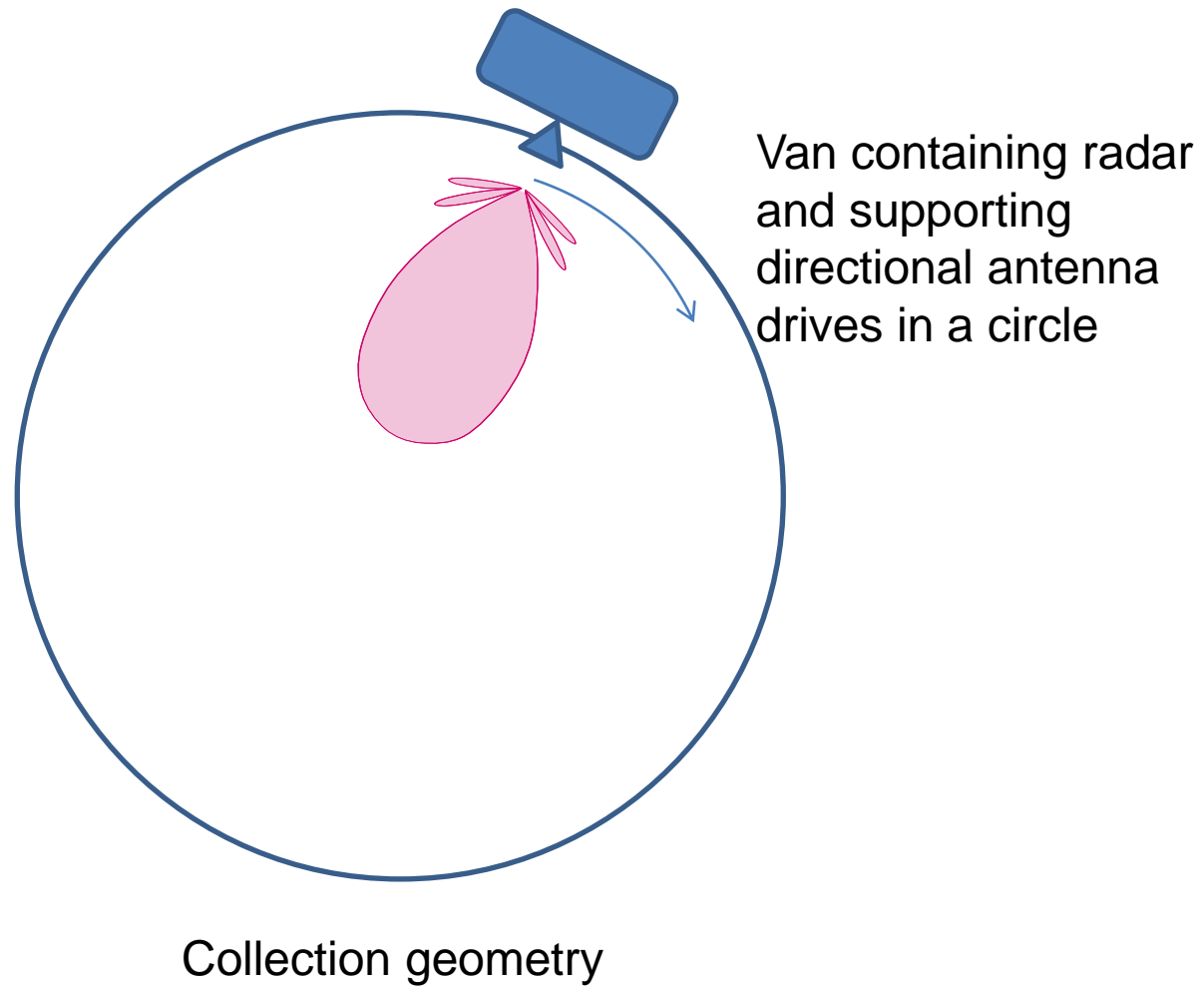
# Example Dornier 328



# Clinton Sherman Airport

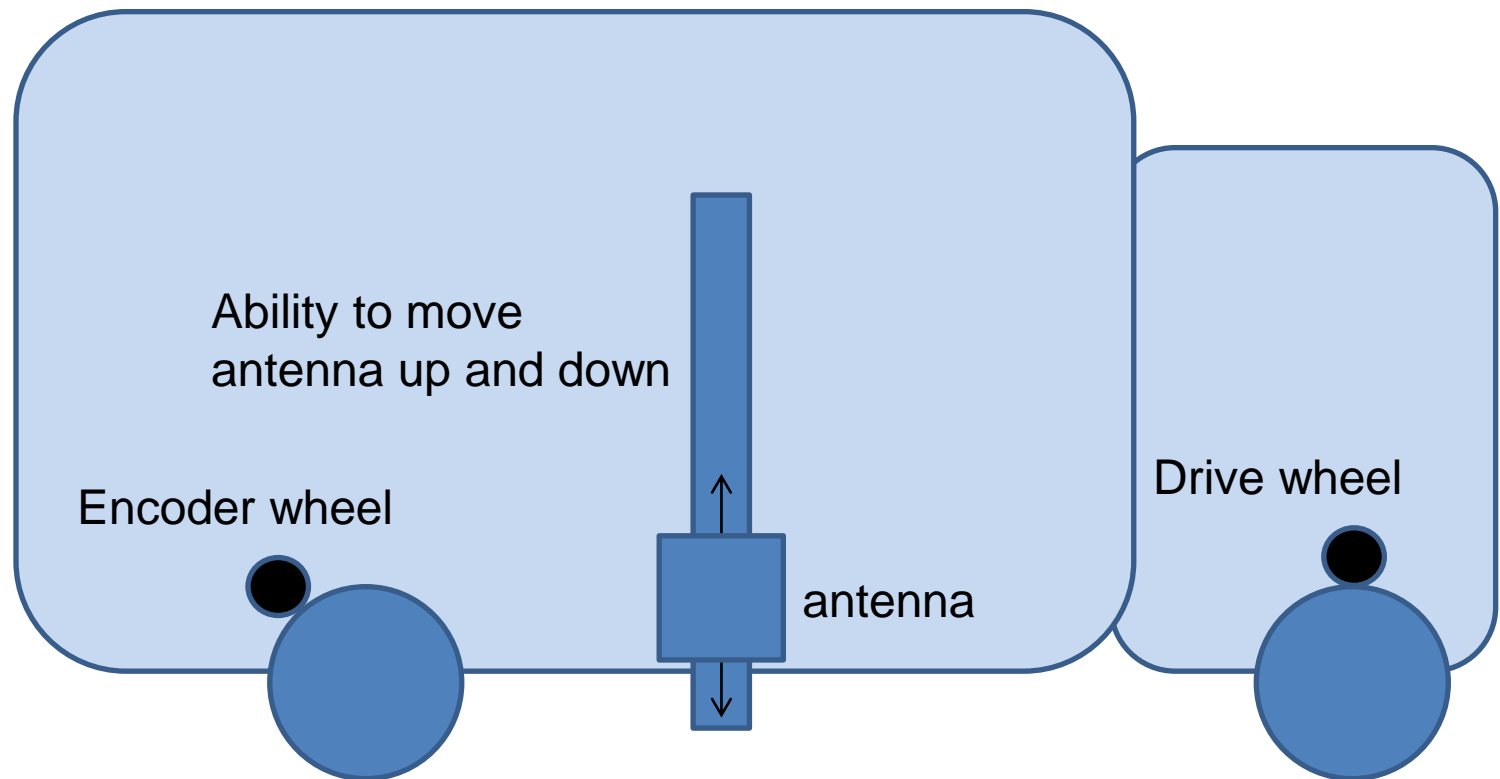


# Drive Path of MTB





# General Hardware Approach

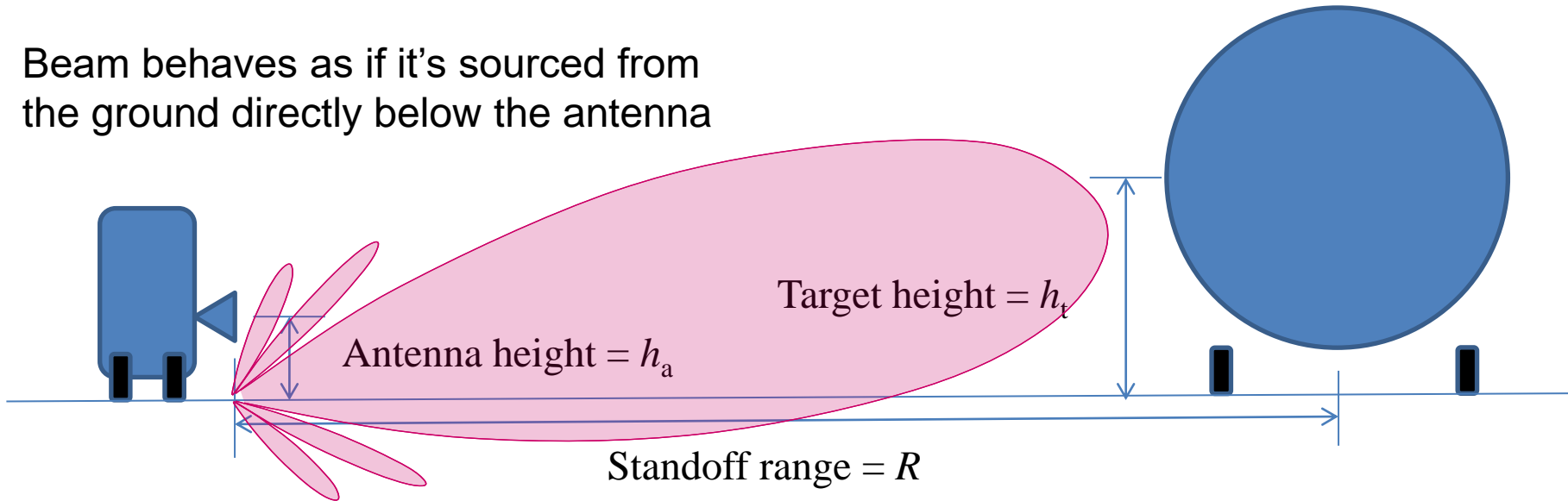


Drive wheel is used to move the truck (via friction) at a slow and constant pace (i.e., no one driving and riding the brakes). Encoder wheel is separate and serves to tell the radar how far the truck has moved.

- The basic ground-bounce equation dictates that the band must be broken up
  - e.g., 2-4 GHz, 4-8 GHz, 8-18 GHz (TBD)
- The height of the antenna may need to be adjusted dynamically
  - Ground plane is unlikely to be perfectly flat – site survey will determine the optimal height required at each point on the collection circle
  - Would need to decide whether we want to dynamically adjust
    - As an example, errors at WAFB if not adjusted can exceed 7 dB

# Ground Bounce Calculation

Beam behaves as if it's sourced from the ground directly below the antenna



Calculation to ensure the ground-bounce peak beam is on the target

$$h_a = \frac{R\lambda}{4h_t} = \frac{300\text{ ft} \times (0.0546 \text{ to } 0.4918)\text{ ft}}{4 \times 10\text{ ft}} \bigg|_{18\text{GHz to } 2\text{GHz}} = 0.4098 \text{ to } 3.6884\text{ ft}$$