



PUBLIC NOTICE

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Wireless Telecommunications Bureau and Public Safety and Homeland Security Bureau Announce Elimination of Certain Paper Notices as Initial Step toward Providing Electronic Access to Correspondence Notices Currently Generated by the Commission's Universal Licensing System and Antenna Structure Registration System

Procedures Effective upon Publication of this *Public Notice* in the Federal Register

By this *Public Notice*, the Wireless Telecommunications Bureau (WTB) and the Public Safety and Homeland Security Bureau (PSHSB) (collectively "Bureaus") announce the elimination of certain paper correspondence notices related to applications, licenses, and antenna structure registrations currently generated by the Commission's Universal Licensing System (ULS) and Antenna Structure Registration (ASR) System and mailed to system users through the U.S. Postal Service. Today's action marks another step in the Commission's process reform efforts,¹ and allows the Bureaus to streamline the Commission's wireless service licensing and antenna structure registration processes, in advance of the transition of initial services to a modernized ULS platform.² The action also builds on earlier efforts to transition from paper to electronic records in the context of official authorizations issued in ULS and ASR.³

The paper correspondence notices that we are eliminating provide information about Bureau actions that do not require a response from a system user and the information from those notices is available by other means in either ULS or the ASR System. Taking this step now – reducing the number of notices generated by the Commission's systems – will save money in terms of staff resources, paper supplies, and mailing costs. We are not eliminating certain paper notices that provide information about Commission actions or approaching deadlines that require action from the system user. As explained below, the Commission ultimately anticipates providing electronic access to these system-generated correspondence notices with the transition to the modernized ULS platform.

¹ The "Report of FCC Process Reform," recommended that, "[t]o the extent permitted by Federal records retention requirements, staff should eliminate paper copies of ... correspondence." Report on FCC Process Reform, FCC Staff Working Group, Rec. 2.6, at 17 (Feb. 14, 2014). The Commission also issued a public notice seeking comment on the Report. *FCC Seeks Public Comment on Report on Process Reform*, Public Notice, 29 FCC Rcd 1338 (2014). Staff continues to issue updates on process reform efforts. See, e.g., Update on Process Reform at the FCC, blog posted July 13, 2015, at <https://www.fcc.gov/news-events/blog/2015/07/13/update-process-reform-fcc>.

² See Modernizing Wireless Licensing at the FCC, blog posted May 13, 2016, at <https://www.fcc.gov/news-events/blog/2016/05/13/modernizing-wireless-licensing-fcc> (announcing an initiative to transition ULS to a new, integrated, cloud-based platform that will enable FCC staff, licensees, and other stakeholders to conduct electronic licensing activities with more consistent performance, easier access to information, and enhanced functionality).

³ See *Wireless Telecommunications Bureau Implements Enhancements to the Commission's Universal Licensing System and Antenna Structure Registration System and Adopts Final Procedures for Providing Access to Official Electronic Authorizations*, Public Notice, 29 FCC Rcd 15252 (WTB 2014).

Today, as discussed in detail below, we announce the following actions with respect to system-generated notifications:

- Effective upon publication of this *Public Notice* in the Federal Register, we eliminate seven ULS-generated correspondence notices from ULS, and those notices will not be migrated to the Commission's new wireless licensing system. We eliminate seven ASR-generated correspondence notices from the ASR System.
- We retain 15 ULS-generated correspondence notices in ULS. These notices will also be migrated to the Commission's new wireless licensing system with each service as the service is deployed in the new system. We retain three ASR-generated correspondence notices.
- We retain the ULS-generated license cancellation notice in ULS, but that notice will not be migrated to the Commission's new licensing system. Electronic safeguards will be implemented in the new licensing system to help prevent licensees from inadvertently cancelling a license.

The new procedures we are adopting today become effective upon publication of this *Public Notice* in the Federal Register.⁴

BACKGROUND

The Commission implemented ULS and the ASR System nearly 20 years ago to facilitate electronic filing for all wireless licensing and antenna structure registration applications as well as electronic access to authorizations. The systems also improve data accuracy through automated checking of applications and enhanced electronic access to license and registration database information.⁵ In fact, the two systems receive hundreds of thousands of applications electronically each year and the systems currently store over two million active authorizations. To facilitate communication between the Commission and system users with regard to the status of applications and authorizations, the Commission developed several notices that the systems generate. Currently, ULS generates 23 correspondence notices and the ASR System generates 10 correspondence notices.⁶

These system-generated notices provide a range of information. Once an application is filed, ULS or the ASR System may generate notices ranging from a notice stating that the application has been received to

⁴ For promulgating "rules of agency organization, procedure, or practice" – so-called "procedural rules" – Section 4 of the Administrative Procedure Act (APA) exempts agencies like the Federal Communications Commission from the general APA requirements to provide the public with advance notice and opportunity for comment. 5 U.S.C. § 553(b)(A). Section 3(a) of the APA requires agencies to publish their "rules of procedure" in the Federal Register, 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(1)(C), and Section 4(d) generally requires an agency to publish its substantive rules 30 days prior to the date on which the rules become effective, *id.* § 553(d). Because Section 4(d) expressly applies to substantive rules and not to procedural rules, the requirement to publish the new procedures with respect to system-generated correspondence notices 30 days before those procedures become effective is inapplicable in this proceeding.

⁵ See *Biennial Regulatory Review – Amendment of Parts 0, 1, 13, 22, 24, 26, 27, 80, 87, 90, 95, 97, and 101 of the Commission's Rules to Facilitate the Development and Use of the Universal Licensing System in the Wireless Telecommunications Services*, Report and Order, 13 FCC Rd 21027 (1998) (adopting rules governing licensing procedures for wireless services in ULS) (*ULS Report and Order*); *Commission Announces New Procedures for Antenna Structure Registration*, Public Notice, 14 FCC Rcd 9668 (WTB 1999) (announcing procedures for registering antenna structures in the new ASR System) (*ASR Public Notice*). In fact, the ASR software was developed in conjunction with ULS. *ASR Public Notice*, 14 FCC Rcd at 9668.

⁶ Correspondence notices are generated from forms that are assigned FCC Form numbers. Notices are assigned form numbers depending on whether they are generated for WTB services (600 series forms) or PSHSB services (1400 series forms). Notices that are being eliminated are listed in Attachment A and notices that are being retained are listed in Attachment B to this *Public Notice*.

a notice dismissing the application, which could result in termination of an authorization. Both systems also generate notices from data associated with authorizations, e.g., notices reminding licensees and registrants of approaching construction deadlines. Notices may include automated system messages or individual messages manually drafted by Commission staff, depending on the reason for generating a notice.⁷ Each notice is then printed on paper, placed in a postage-paid envelope, and mailed through the U.S. Postal System to system users. In some cases, a paper copy of the same notice is mailed to as many as three individuals or entities.⁸

DISCUSSION

Electronic Access to Correspondence Notices

To implement the FCC Process Reform recommendation to eliminate paper copies of correspondence, the Commission anticipates using a multi-phased process for reducing the overall number of notices generated by its wireless licensing and antenna structure registration systems, and for moving toward options that would allow system users electronic access to system-generated correspondence notices. The first step in this process is addressed by this *Public Notice* and affects ULS and the ASR System. Further steps in the process toward electronic access, for licensing, would be implemented in the Commission's new wireless service licensing system.

As we concluded in adopting final procedures for electronic access to official authorizations in both ULS and the ASR System, given the ease of access to the Internet, the ubiquitous availability of electronic documents, and the high adoption rate by consumers of electronic delivery of many other documents,⁹ as well as the near-term deployment of the Commission's new wireless licensing system, the Bureaus believe that the time is appropriate for moving toward modernizing the treatment of system-generated correspondence. Reducing the number of notices generated by the Commission's systems and moving to electronic access will save money in terms of staff resources, paper supplies, and mailing costs.¹⁰ The Bureaus also anticipate that making the correspondence notices available electronically will eliminate the risk of a notice getting lost or damaged in delivery.

The Bureaus initiate the Commission's phased-in process toward electronic access by first eliminating seven ULS-generated and seven ASR-generated correspondence notices. With respect to the remaining correspondence notices, as services are deployed in the new wireless licensing system, the Bureaus will initially continue the current process of mailing licensing system-generated notices to recipients through the U.S. Postal Service. After some or all services have been deployed in the new licensing system, the Commission anticipates reviewing options for allowing applicants and licensees electronic access to

⁷ For example, Commission staff may manually insert a message that returns an application directing the applicant to correct or provide specific additional information needed for further processing (Notice of Return). In other cases, ULS or the ASR System generate notices with automated messages based on data stored within the systems themselves, e.g., notices dismissing an application because the application was not amended within the time allowed in a return notice (Notice of Dismissal).

⁸ For example, a paper copy of the same ULS-generated return notice related to an application that requires frequency coordination would be mailed to the applicant, the applicant's point-of-contact, and the frequency coordinator.

⁹ *Wireless Telecommunications Bureau Announces Enhancements to the Commission's Universal Licensing System and Antenna Structure Registration System for Providing Access to Official Electronic Authorizations and Seeks Comment on Final Procedures*, Public Notice, 29 FCC Rcd 12019, 12021 (WTB 2014).

¹⁰ Over the three-year period 2013-2015, ULS and the ASR System together generated 708,940 correspondence notices that were each printed on paper, placed in a postage-paid envelope, and mailed through the U.S. Postal Service.

notices generated by that new system. The Commission also anticipates reviewing options for allowing applicants and registrants electronic access to ASR-generated notices. Finally, while we are eliminating a number of existing notices, the new wireless licensing system presents an opportunity for developing new electronic notifications that could provide information formerly included in eliminated notices, as well as other information not currently provided by ULS or the ASR System.

Notices Eliminated

All of the correspondence notices that we are eliminating provide information about Bureau actions that do not require a response from a system user. In particular, because the information provided in these notices is readily available by some other means in either ULS or the ASR System, or because the reasons for initially developing the notices are no longer supported, we eliminate seven notices from ULS and seven notices from the ASR System. Some notices simply acknowledge that the systems have received an application.¹¹ We find this information redundant because today, an applicant can check ULS or the ASR System within a few days of filing an application to confirm that the relevant system has received the application.¹²

ULS also generates notices that advise former aircraft or ship licensees that their authorizations have terminated and another party has obtained a license for the aircraft or ship.¹³ The ASR System informs a former owner of an antenna structure that an application has been processed to change the ownership of the antenna structure on a registration.¹⁴ The notices, in each of these cases, were developed to limit third parties from fraudulently cancelling or obtaining someone else's license or registration. Over the past several years, however, we have found that fraudulent actions rarely, if ever, happen.

Both ULS and the ASR System also generate notices that acknowledge a licensee or registrant has associated, removed, or replaced an FCC Registration Number (FRN) with respect to a license or registration.¹⁵ Again, these notifications were developed to limit third parties from tampering with the association of an FRN to a license or registration. Today, however, because licensees and registrants associate, remove, or replace an FRN with respect to an authorization only by electronic filings,¹⁶ a third party could not submit an application manually to tamper with the association between an FRN and a license or registration. We therefore eliminate these six notices. We further note that in 2004, WTB

¹¹ ULS-generated notices include FCC Form 602-A Ownership Notification Letter and FCC Forms 682/1404 Application Notification Letter. The ASR System generates FCC Form 675 Notification of Application Receipt.

¹² For example, an applicant that has filed its license application manually can check ULS within a couple of days of the manual filing to see whether the application has been entered into the system. Electronically filed applications are viewable in each system the day after the application is submitted.

¹³ ULS generates FCC Form 696A Notice of Aircraft Radio Station Termination and FCC Form 696S Notice of Ship Radio Station Termination.

¹⁴ The ASR System generates FCC Form 684 Notice of ASR Change of Ownership.

¹⁵ ULS-generated notices include FCC Forms 683A/1405 FCC Registration Notification Letter (associate), FCC Forms 683D/1405 FCC Registration Notification Letter (remove), and FCC Forms 683R/1405 FCC Registration Notification Letter (replace). The ASR System-generated notices include FCC Form 676A FCC Registration Notification Letter (associate), FCC Form 676D FCC Registration Notification Letter (remove), and FCC Form 676R FCC Registration Notification Letter (replace).

¹⁶ Licensees can only associate an FRN with a license through License Manager or filing an FCC Form 606 electronically in ULS. Furthermore, licensees can only remove or replace an FRN with respect to a license through License Manager in ULS. The same holds true for registrations. A registrant can only associate an FRN with a registration through ASR Dashboard or filing an FCC Form 606 in the ASR System, and registrants can only remove or replace an FRN with respect to a registration through ASR Dashboard in the ASR System.

issued public notices announcing that it would send these FRN notifications first by email, and where the applicant did not provide an email address, by mail through the U.S. Postal Service.¹⁷ Because we eliminate the notices, we will no longer send FRN notices by email.

Finally, we will not migrate the notices that we are eliminating in ULS to the Commission's new wireless licensing system. As the new wireless licensing system is deployed and as enhancements are made to the ASR System, the Commission may consider developing electronic notifications that provide information similar to the information currently included in these notices, where, for example a system user elects to receive the information by email or text message.

Notices Retained

Return, Dismissal, Termination Pending, and Courtesy Reminder Notices. We retain 15 correspondence notices in ULS and three notices in the ASR System because they provide (1) information about Commission actions that require a response from the applicant; or (2) information about approaching deadlines that require action from the applicant, licensee, or registrant. We will also migrate the notices that we are retaining in ULS to the new wireless licensing system as services are deployed in that system. In particular, we retain notices that return an application for correction or additional information, as well as notices that dismiss an application.¹⁸ We also retain "courtesy" notices that remind a licensee or registrant that a construction or renewal deadline is approaching,¹⁹ as well as notices warning a licensee that its license has been placed in termination pending status.²⁰

Notices that fall within these categories are often critical to an applicant that intends to continue prosecuting an application, as well as a licensee or registrant that intends to retain an authorization. We further note that the Commission has addressed these types of processes in adopting policies for ULS and the ASR System. In 1999, the Commission developed a unified policy for dismissing and returning applications in both ULS and the ASR System.²¹ The system-generated return and dismissal notices are the mechanisms by which the Bureaus implemented this policy.²²

¹⁷ *Automated Notification Process to Begin Monday, March 1, 2004*, Public Notice, 19 FCC Rcd 2693 (WTB 2004) (ULS); *Automated Notification Process in Antenna Structure Registration System to Begin Monday, August 23, 2004*, Public Notice, 19 FCC Rcd 16261 (WTB 2004).

¹⁸ ULS-generated notices include FCC Forms 690/1408 Notice of Return for Canadian Objections, FCC Forms 693/1410 Notice of Immediate Return, and FCC Forms 698/1414 Notice of Return, FCC Forms 603-D/1401 [Form 603] Application Dismissal Notice, FCC Forms 694/1411 Notice of Immediate Dismissal, FCC Forms 699/1415 Notice of Dismissal, and FCC Forms 700/1416 Notice of Authorization Grant-In-Part. ASR-generated notices include FCC Form 688 Notice of Return and FCC Form 689 Notice of Dismissal.

¹⁹ ULS-generated notices include FCC Forms 603-CR/1402 Notification of Consummation Reminder Letter, FCC Forms 691/1409 Construction/Coverage Deadline Important Reminder Notice, and FCC Forms 695/1412 Renewal Reminder Notice. The ASR System generates FCC Form 685 ASR Construction Reminder.

²⁰ *See Wireless Telecommunications Bureau Announces Deployment Of "Auto-Term," The Automated Feature In Its Universal Licensing System That Identifies Unconstructed Stations Resulting in Automatic Termination of Licenses*, Public Notice, 21 FCC Rcd 163 (WTB 2006) (setting forth Auto-Term procedures). ULS generates FCC Forms 672/1403 Construction/Coverage Deadline Notice of License Termination Pending Status.

²¹ *Wireless Telecommunications Bureau Announces Unified Policy for Dismissing and Returning Applications and Dismissing Pleadings Associated with Applications*, Public Notice, 14 FCC Rcd 5499 (WTB 1999) (*Unified Dismissal Policy Public Notice*), modified, *Wireless Telecommunications Bureau Postpones Effective Date of Unified Dismissal Policy for Applications in the Wireless Services*, Public Notice, 14 FCC Rcd 6923 (WTB 1999), modified, *Wireless Telecommunications Bureau Revises and Begins Phased Implementation of Its Unified Policy for Reviewing License Applications and Pleadings*, Public Notice, 14 FCC Rcd 11182 (WTB 1999); clarified, *Wireless*

In adopting rules governing license application procedures for ULS, the Commission also stated that, as a convenience to licensees, ULS would issue construction notifications prior to construction deadlines as well as renewal reminder notices prior to license expiration dates.²³ The Commission further stated that, for the time being, these types of courtesy reminder notices would be sent by mail.²⁴ Based on general requirements established by the Commission in that same proceeding for its automated termination procedures, ULS generates on the same day correspondence notices as well as a public notice warning licensees that they have not filed construction notifications in a timely manner and, absent confirmation of timely construction, termination of the licenses becomes final.²⁵

The Commission found that these policies would produce staff efficiencies, lessen the burden on applicants and licensees, increase the accuracy of the ULS database, and promote efficient spectrum use.²⁶ We also note, importantly, that the date on a return or dismissal notice, as well as a termination pending notice, is the date on which the period for seeking reconsideration begins.²⁷ For these reasons, we retain notices that require responses from system users because of an action taken by the Bureaus or because of an approaching renewal or construction deadline.

We also retain four notices currently generated by ULS that the Commission anticipates moving to its Electronic Authorization process in the new wireless licensing system. Three of these notices acknowledge the addition, modification, or deletion of a registered site on an authorization in the 3650-3700 MHz Service, as well as in the Non-Public Safety and Public Safety Intelligent Transportation Services.²⁸ The fourth notice acknowledges the addition of a registered link on an authorization in the

Telecommunications Bureau Clarifies Unified Policy for Dismissing and Returning Applications, Public Notice, 17 FCC Rcd 30 (WTB 2001).

²² We note that in its proceeding, the Commission expressly stated that “[r]eturns will be done by letter.” *Unified Dismissal Policy Public Notice*, 14 FCC Rcd at 5501.

²³ *ULS Report and Order*, 13 FCC Rcd at 21071, 21075, paras. 96, 104. The Commission emphasized that these notices are sent as a convenience to licensees and even if a licensee does not receive a reminder notice, it remains obligated to timely file renewal applications or meet its construction benchmarks. *Id.*

²⁴ At the time it adopted ULS rules and procedures, the Commission rejected delivery of notices by email, instead deciding that licensees would continue to be notified of official Commission action by regular mail only. *ULS Report and Order*, 13 FCC Rcd at 21074, para. 101. The Commission noted, however, that it was “optimistic that a system of electronic communication at some time in the future may offer a substantial increase in efficiency and paper reduction” and that “we may revisit this issue at a later time should circumstances warrant.” *Id.*

²⁵ *ULS Report and Order*, 13 FCC Rcd at 21076, para. 106.

²⁶ *See, e.g., ULS Report and Order*, 13 FCC Rcd at 21072-73, paras. 97-98 (explaining that courtesy renewal reminder notices would reduce the number of late-filed renewal applications and serve the public interest because they would improve the efficiency with which the Commission makes spectrum available for reuse after a license has lapsed); *id.* at 21076, para. 106 (finding that the courtesy construction reminder notices and termination pending notices would result in fewer license terminations where the license had in fact constructed in a timely manner); *id.* at 21075, para. 103 (finding that construction notices would lessen the burden on applicants, ensure that deadlines were met, and that the public received timely notification of terminations).

²⁷ *See* 47 CFR § 1.4(b)(5) (setting forth the date appearing on the document sent (e.g., mailed, telegraphed, etc.) as the first day to be counted for computing the amount of time within which a party must act in response to deadlines established by the Commission where the document is neither published in the Federal Register nor released, and if a descriptive document entitled “Public Notice” is not released).

²⁸ ULS-generated notices include FCC Form 674 3650-3700 MHz Service Registration Acceptance Letter, FCC Form 677 Intelligent Transportation Service (Non-Public Safety) Registration Acceptance Letter, and FCC Form 1418 Intelligent Transportation Service (Public Safety) Registration Acceptance Letter. *See, e.g.,* 47 CFR

Millimeter Wave 70/80/90 GHz Service.²⁹ We retain these notices because they currently confirm modifications to registered sites or links on an authorization in these services.³⁰

License Cancellation and Antenna Structure Registration Cancellation and Termination Notices

We also retain license cancellation notices in ULS. For the following reasons, however, we will not migrate the license cancellation notice to the new wireless licensing system, and we eliminate the cancellation and termination notices in the ASR System. After an application to cancel a license is granted, ULS generates a notice that is mailed to the licensee stating that the license referenced in the notice has been cancelled.³¹ In the ASR System, registrations have two statuses – granted and constructed. If a registrant cancels a registration before the antenna structure is constructed, the ASR System automatically generates a cancellation notice. If the registrant terminates a registration after the antenna structure is constructed, staff triggers the ASR System to generate a termination notice.³² The intent of these notices is to allow the licensee or registrant to take action if the license or registration is improperly cancelled by a third party, but in our experience, the vast majority of erroneous cancellations are filed by someone who was authorized to act on behalf of the licensee or registrant.

An inadvertent cancellation of a site-based license that goes unnoticed may, in many services, result in another party obtaining a license for the spectrum formerly authorized in the cancelled license. In addition, where another party has not obtained a license for the spectrum, a new application to replace the cancelled license may require frequency coordination and application fees, potentially resulting in significant costs. In auction services, an inadvertent cancellation might result in the loss of the authorization with return of the license spectrum to the Commission. To limit these consequences, we retain license cancellation notices in ULS.³³ We will, however, eliminate the notice in services as they are deployed in the new wireless licensing system. Rather than generating license cancellation notices in

§§ 90.375(b) (stating that licenses for the Dedicated Short Range Communications Service serve as a prerequisite of registering roadside units (RSUs) located within the licensed geographic area and that licensees must register each RSU before operating the site); 90.1307(a) (stating that, in the 3650-3700 MHz band, “non-exclusive nationwide licenses will serve as a prerequisite for registering individual fixed and base stations” and that “a licensee cannot operate a fixed or base station before registering it under its license and licensees must delete registrations for unused fixed and base stations).

²⁹ ULS generates FCC Form 678 Millimeter Wave 70/80/90 GHz Service Registration Acceptance Letter.

³⁰ Once moved to the Commission’s Electronic Authorization process, we anticipate that the registration notices will be available electronically, unless a licensee notifies the Commission that it wishes to receive the notice on paper through the U.S. Postal Service.

³¹ ULS generates FCC Forms 697/1413 Notice of License Cancellation.

³² The ASR System generates FCC Form 686 Notice of ASR Cancellation or FCC Form 687 Notice of ASR Termination. If a registrant decides to cancel a registration before it constructs the antenna structure, it files an application to cancel the registration through the ASR System. After the application to cancel the registration is granted, the ASR System automatically generates a cancellation notice that is mailed to the registrant. If a registrant decides to terminate a registration after the antenna structure has been constructed, the registrant submits a request through the Commission’s e-Support systems. Once the request is verified and granted, staff manually triggers the ASR System to generate a notice confirming that the registration has been terminated.

³³ Again, the date on the license cancellation notice is the date on which the reconsideration period begins. *See* 47 CFR § 1.4(b)(5). Where a licensee contacts the Commission about an inadvertent license cancellation in a timely manner, the Commission may grant a petition for reconsideration, *see id.* § 1.106, or it may, on its own motion, set aside the license cancellation within 30 days of the date on the cancellation notice, *see id.* § 1.108; *see also id.* § 1.113 (providing that an action taken pursuant to delegated authority may be modified or set aside within 30 days of public notice of the action).

the new licensing system, that system will offer electronic safeguards to prevent a licensee from inadvertently cancelling its license.³⁴

We also eliminate the cancellation and termination notices in the ASR System. Parties filing registration applications do not obtain registrations through the Commission's competitive bidding procedures, do not pay application fees, and rarely, if ever, does someone other than an antenna structure owner cancel or terminate a registration. Where an antenna structure owner inadvertently cancels or terminates a registration, it simply files a new application.

For further information on technical issues, contact Mary Bucher of the Technologies, Systems and Innovation Division, Wireless Telecommunications Bureau, at (717) 338-2656 or via email at Mary.Bucher@fcc.gov; for further information on other issues, contact Cyndi Thomas, Mobility Division, Wireless Telecommunications Bureau, at (202) 418-2018 or via email at Cyndi.Thomas@fcc.gov.

Action by the Chief, Wireless Telecommunications Bureau and the Chief, Public Safety and Homeland Security Bureau.

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³⁴ For example, the new licensing system may create "pop-ups" asking the applicant if it is sure it wants to cancel the license at issue in the application and warning of the consequences of cancelling the authorization.

ATTCHMENT A – ELIMINATED CORRESPONDENCE NOTICES

The 600 series form numbers are assigned to notices generated for Wireless Telecommunications Bureau services and the 1400 series form numbers are assigned to notices generated for Public Safety and Homeland Security Bureau services.

ULS-Generated Correspondence Notices Eliminated

NOTICE	FORM NUMBER
Notice of Aircraft Radio Station Termination	696A
Notice of Ship Radio Station Termination	696S
Ownership Notification Letter	602-A
Application Notification Letter	682/1404
FCC Registration Notification Letter (associate)	683A/1405
FCC Registration Notification Letter (remove)	683D/1405
FCC Registration Notification Letter (replace)	683R/1405

ASR-Generated Correspondence Notices Eliminated

NOTICE	FORM NUMBER
Notice of ASR Change of Ownership	684
Notification of Application Receipt	675
FCC Registration Notification Letter (associate)	676A
FCC Registration Notification Letter (remove)	676D
FCC Registration Notification Letter (replace)	676R
Notice of ASR Cancellation	686
Notice of ASR Termination	687

ATTACHMENT B – RETAINED CORRESPONDENCE NOTICES

The 600 series form numbers are assigned to notices generated for Wireless Telecommunications Bureau services and the 1400 series form numbers are assigned to notices generated for Public Safety and Homeland Security Bureau services.

ULS-Generated Correspondence Notices Retained

NOTICE	FORM NUMBER
[Form 603] Application Dismissal Letter	603-D/1401
Notice of Return for Canadian Objections	690/1408
Notice of Immediate Return	693/1410
Notice of Immediate Dismissal	694/1411
Notice of Return	698/1414
Notice of Dismissal	699/1415
Notice of Authorization Grant-In-Part	700/1416
Notification of Consummation Reminder Letter	603-CR/1402
Construction/Coverage Deadline Notice of License Termination Pending Status	672/1403
Construction/Coverage Deadline Important Reminder Notice	691/1409
Renewal Reminder Notice	695/1412
3650-3700 MHz Service Registration Acceptance Letter	674
Intelligent Transportation Service (Non-Public Safety) Registration Acceptance Letter	677
Millimeter Wave 70/80/90 GHz Service Registration Acceptance Letter	678
Intelligent Transportation Service (Public Safety) Registration Acceptance Letter	1418
Notice of License Cancellation	697/1413

As explained in this *Public Notice*, we intend to migrate all of these notices to the new wireless licensing system, except the Notice of License Cancellation, which will be retained in ULS, but not be migrated to the new system.

ASR-Generated Correspondence Notices Retained

FORM	FORM NUMBER
Notice of Return	688
Notice of Dismissal	689
ASR Construction Reminder	685