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Selected Historical Financial Data of CenturyLink

The following tables set forth selected consolidated financial information for CenturyLink. The selected statement of operations data for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009 and the selected balance sheet data as of March 31, 2010 and 2009 have been derived from CenturyLink's unaudited consolidated financial statements. In the opinion of CenturyLink's management, all adjustments considered necessary for a fair presentation of the interim March 31 financial information have been included. The selected statement of operations data for each of the years in the five year period ended December 31, 2009 and the selected balance sheet data as of December 31 for each of the years in the five year period ended December 31, 2009 have been derived from CenturyLink's consolidated financial statements that were audited by KPMG LLP, except as noted below. The following information should be read together with CenturyLink's consolidated financial statements, the notes related thereto and management's related reports on CenturyLink's financial condition and performance, all of which are contained in CenturyLink's reports filed with the SEC and incorporated herein by reference. See "Where You Can Find More Information" beginning on page 131. The operating results for the three months ended March 31, 2010 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for any future periods.

	Three Months Ended March 31,		Year Ended December 31,				
	2010	2009	2009(1)	2008	2007	2006	2005
	(Unaudited)						
(In millions, except per share amounts)							
Selected Statement of Operations Data							
Operating revenues	\$ 1,800	636	4,974	2,600	2,656	2,448	2,479
Operating income	\$ 545	164	1,233	721	793	666	736
Net income attributable to CenturyLink, Inc.	\$ 253	67	647	366	418	370	334
Earnings per common share							
Basic	\$ 0.84	0.67	3.23	3.53	3.79	3.15	2.55
Diluted	\$ 0.84	0.67	3.23	3.52	3.71	3.07(2)	2.49(2)
Dividends per common share	\$ 0.725	0.70	2.80	2.1675	0.26	0.25	0.24
Weighted average basic shares outstanding	299.4	99.1	198.8	102.3	109.4	116.7	130.8
Weighted average diluted shares outstanding	300.0	99.1	199.1	102.6	112.8	122.0(2)	136.1(2)

	March 31,		December 31,				
	2010	2009	2009(1)	2008	2007	2006	2005
	(Unaudited)						
(Dollars in millions)							
Selected Balance Sheet Data							
Net property, plant and equipment	\$ 8,970	2,822	9,097	2,896	3,108	3,109	3,304
Goodwill	\$ 10,252	4,016	10,252	4,016	4,011	3,431	3,433
Total assets	\$ 22,322	7,934	22,563	8,254	8,185	7,441	7,763
Long term debt, including current portion	\$ 7,721	3,023	7,754	3,315	3,014	2,591	2,653
Shareholders' equity	\$ 9,501	3,175	9,467	3,168	3,416	3,199	3,624
Selected Operating Data (unaudited):							
Telephone access lines	6,913,000	1,993,000	7,039,000	2,025,000	2,135,000	2,094,000	2,214,000
High-speed Internet customers	2,306,000	665,000	2,236,000	641,000	555,000	369,000	249,000

- (1) On July 1, 2009, CenturyLink acquired Embarq Corporation in a stock for stock transaction which significantly expanded the scope of CenturyLink's operations and the amount of its outstanding common stock and debt. Embarq's financial results are included in the above table for periods subsequent to the July 1, 2009 acquisition date.
- (2) These numbers reflect the retrospective application of Emerging Issues Task Force 03-06-1, which CenturyLink adopted January 1, 2009; therefore, these numbers are unaudited.

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Selected Historical Financial Data of Qwest

The following tables set forth selected consolidated financial information for Qwest. The selected statement of operations data for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009 and the selected balance sheet data as of March 31, 2010 and 2009 have been derived from Qwest's unaudited consolidated financial statements. In the opinion of Qwest's management, all adjustments considered necessary for a fair presentation of the interim March 31 financial information have been included. The selected statement of operations data for each of the five years ended December 31, 2009 and the selected balance sheet data as of December 31 for each of the years in the five-year period ended December 31, 2009 have been derived from Qwest's consolidated financial statements that were audited by KPMG LLP, except as noted below. The following information should be read together with Qwest's 2009, 2008 and 2007 consolidated financial statements, the notes related thereto and management's related reports on Qwest's financial condition and performance, all of which are contained in Qwest's reports filed with the SEC and incorporated herein by reference. See "Where You Can Find More Information" beginning on page 131. The operating results for the three months ended March 31, 2010 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for any future period.

	Three Months		Year Ended December 31,				
	Ended March 31,		2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
	2010	2009					
	(Unaudited)		(In millions, except per share amounts)				
Selected Statement of Operations Data							
Operating revenues	\$ 2,966	3,173	12,311	13,475	13,778	13,923	13,903
Operating income	\$ 568	549	1,975	2,097	1,756	1,555	855
Net income attributable to Qwest Communications International Inc.	\$ 38	206	662	652	2,890	553(1)	(784)(1)
Earnings per common share							
Basic	\$ 0.02	0.12	0.38	0.38	1.57	0.29(1)	(0.43)(1)
Diluted	\$ 0.02	0.12	0.38	0.37	1.50	0.28(1)	(0.43)(1)
Dividends declared per common share	\$ —	—	0.32	0.32	0.08	—	—
Weighted average common shares outstanding							
Basic	1,719.1	1,702.1	1,709.3	1,728.7	1,829.2	1,889.9	1,836.4
Diluted	1,739.4	1,706.8	1,713.5	1,730.2	1,915.2	1,965.8	1,842.8

	March 31,		December 31,				
	2010	2009	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
	(Unaudited)		(Dollars in millions)				
Selected Balance Sheet Data							
Property, plant and equipment — net	\$ 12,078	12,816	12,299	13,045	13,671	14,579	15,568
Total assets	\$ 19,362	19,711	20,380	20,141	22,471(1)	21,234(1)	21,491(1)
Total long-term borrowings — net	\$ 13,546	13,342	14,200	13,555	14,098(1)	14,695(1)	15,242(1)
Shareholders' (deficit) equity	\$ (1,120)	(1,164)	(1,178)	(1,386)	655(1)	(1,252)(1)	(2,984)(1)
Selected Operating Data (unaudited)(2):							
Telephone access lines	9,663,000	10,800,000	9,925,000	11,127,000	12,336,000	N/A	N/A
High-speed Internet customers	2,852,000	2,708,000	2,812,000	2,652,000	2,413,000	N/A	N/A

(1) These numbers reflect the retrospective application of Financial Accounting Standards Board Staff Position APB 14-1 and Emerging Issues Task Force 03-06-1, which Qwest adopted on January 1, 2009; therefore, these numbers are unaudited.

(2) In 2010, Qwest changed the basis of how it counts subscribers and access lines to better align with its revenue. Qwest restated the previously reported subscriber counts and access lines for all periods in the three year period ended December 31, 2009 to be on the same basis as the current period presentation. The data needed to restate the periods prior to 2007 on the same basis are no longer available.

Summary Unaudited Pro Forma Combined Condensed Financial Information

The following table shows summary unaudited pro forma combined condensed financial information about the combined financial condition and operating results of CenturyLink and Qwest after giving effect to the merger. The unaudited pro forma financial information assumes that the merger is accounted for by applying the acquisition method with CenturyLink treated as the acquirer. The unaudited pro forma condensed combined balance sheet data gives effect to the merger as if it had occurred on March 31, 2010. The unaudited pro forma condensed combined income statement data (i) gives effect to the merger as if it had become effective at January 1, 2009, and (ii) also gives effect to CenturyLink's July 1, 2009 merger with Embarq as if it had become effective January 1, 2009, in each case based on the most recent valuation data available. The summary unaudited selected pro forma combined condensed financial information listed below has been derived from and should be read in conjunction with (i) the more detailed unaudited pro forma combined condensed financial information, including the notes thereto, appearing elsewhere in this joint proxy statement-prospectus, (ii) the consolidated financial statements and the related notes of both CenturyLink and Qwest, incorporated herein by reference, and (iii) the historical consolidated results of Embarq for the first half of 2009. See "Unaudited Pro Forma Combined Condensed Financial Information" on page 109 and "Where You Can Find More Information" on page 131.

The unaudited pro forma combined condensed financial information is presented for illustrative purposes only and is not necessarily indicative of the combined operating results or financial position that would have occurred if such transactions had been consummated on the dates and in accordance with the assumptions described herein, nor is it necessarily indicative of the combined company's future operating results or financial position. The unaudited pro forma combined condensed financial information does not give effect to (i) any potential revenue enhancements or cost synergies that could result from either merger (other than those actually realized subsequent to CenturyLink's July 1, 2009 acquisition of Embarq) or (ii) any transaction or integration costs relating to the merger. In addition, as explained in more detail in the accompanying notes to the unaudited pro forma combined condensed financial information, the preliminary allocation of the pro forma purchase price reflected in the unaudited pro forma combined condensed financial information is subject to adjustment and may vary significantly from the definitive allocation of the final purchase price that will be recorded subsequent to completion of the merger. The determination of the final purchase price will be based on the number of shares of Qwest common stock outstanding and CenturyLink's stock price at closing.

	<u>Year Ended December 31, 2009</u>	<u>Three Months Ended March 31, 2010</u>
	(Unaudited)	
	(In millions, except per share amounts)	
Statement of Operations Data		
Net Operating revenues	\$ 19,758	\$ 4,719
Operating income	\$ 3,651	\$ 1,021
Net income before extraordinary item and discontinued operations	\$ 1,402	\$ 254
Basic earnings per share before extraordinary item and discontinued operations	\$ 2.40	\$ 0.43
Diluted earnings per share before extraordinary item and discontinued operations	\$ 2.39	\$ 0.43
		<u>March 31, 2010</u>
		(In millions)
Summary Balance Sheet		
Net property, plant and equipment		\$ 21,048
Goodwill		\$ 20,681
Total assets		\$ 52,423
Long-term debt, including current portion		\$ 22,086
Shareholders' equity		\$ 19,956

Equivalent and Comparative Per Share Information

The following table sets forth, for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and the year ended December 31, 2009, selected per share information for CenturyLink common stock on a historical and pro forma combined basis and for Qwest common stock on a historical and pro forma equivalent basis. Except for the historical information as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009, the information in the table is unaudited. You should read the table below together with the historical consolidated financial statements and related notes of CenturyLink and Qwest contained in their respective Annual Reports on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009 and Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2010, all of which are incorporated by reference into this joint proxy statement—prospectus. See “Where You Can Find More Information” on page 131.

The CenturyLink pro forma combined earnings per share were calculated using the methodology as described below under the heading “Unaudited Pro Forma Combined Condensed Financial Information”, and is subject to all the assumptions, adjustments and limitations described thereunder. The CenturyLink pro forma combined cash dividends per common share represent CenturyLink’s historical cash dividends per common share. The CenturyLink pro forma combined book value per share was calculated by dividing total combined CenturyLink and Qwest common shareholders’ equity by pro forma equivalent common shares. The Qwest pro forma equivalent per common share amounts were calculated by multiplying the CenturyLink pro forma combined per share amounts by the exchange ratio of 0.1664.

	CenturyLink		Qwest	
	Historical	Pro Forma Combined	Historical	Pro Forma Equivalent
Basic earnings per common share before extraordinary item and discontinued operations				
Three months ended March 31, 2010	\$ 0.84	\$ 0.43	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.07
Year ended December 31, 2009	\$ 2.55	\$ 2.40	\$ 0.38	\$ 0.40
Diluted earnings per common share before extraordinary item and discontinued operations				
Three months ended March 31, 2010	\$ 0.84	\$ 0.43	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.07
Year ended December 31, 2009	\$ 2.55	\$ 2.39	\$ 0.38	\$ 0.40
Cash dividends declared per common share				
Three months ended March 31, 2010	\$ 0.725	\$ 0.725	\$ 0.00(1)	\$ 0.12
Year ended December 31, 2009	\$ 2.80	\$ 2.80	\$ 0.32	\$ 0.47
Book value per common share				
As of March 31, 2010	\$ 31.65	\$ 33.88	\$ (0.64)	\$ 5.64

(1) Qwest paid a cash dividend of \$0.08 per share in the first quarter of 2010; however, that dividend was declared in the fourth quarter of 2009.

RISK FACTORS

In addition to the other information included and incorporated by reference into this joint proxy statement–prospectus, including the matters addressed in the section entitled “Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward–Looking Statements,” you should carefully consider the following risks before deciding whether to vote for adoption of the merger agreement, in the case of Qwest stockholders, or for the issuance of shares of CenturyLink common stock in the merger, in the case of CenturyLink shareholders. In addition, you should read and consider the risks associated with each of the businesses of CenturyLink and Qwest because these risks will also affect the combined company. These risks can be found in CenturyLink’s and Qwest’s respective Annual Reports on Form 10–K for fiscal year 2009, as updated by subsequent Quarterly Reports on Form 10–Q, all of which are filed with the SEC and incorporated by reference into this joint proxy statement–prospectus. You should also read and consider the other information in this joint proxy statement–prospectus and the other documents incorporated by reference into this joint proxy statement–prospectus. See the section entitled “Where You Can Find More Information” beginning on page 131.

Risk Factors Relating to the Merger

The exchange ratio is fixed and will not be adjusted in the event of any change in either CenturyLink’s or Qwest’s stock price.

Upon the closing of the merger, each share of Qwest common stock will be converted into the right to receive 0.1664 shares of CenturyLink common stock with cash paid in lieu of fractional shares. This exchange ratio was fixed in the merger agreement and will not be adjusted for changes in the market price of either CenturyLink common stock or Qwest common stock. Changes in the price of CenturyLink common stock prior to the merger will affect the market value of the merger consideration that Qwest stockholders will receive on the date of the merger. Stock price changes may result from a variety of factors (many of which are beyond our control), including the following factors:

- changes in our respective businesses, operations, assets, liabilities and prospects;
- changes in market assessments of the business, operations, financial position and prospects of either company;
- market assessments of the likelihood that the merger will be completed, including related considerations regarding regulatory approvals of the merger;
- interest rates, general market and economic conditions and other factors generally affecting the price of CenturyLink’s and Qwest’s common stock; and
- federal, state and local legislation, governmental regulation and legal developments in the businesses in which Qwest and CenturyLink operate.

The price of CenturyLink common stock at the closing of the merger may vary from its price on the date the merger agreement was executed, on the date of this joint proxy statement–prospectus and on the date of the special meetings of CenturyLink and Qwest. As a result, the market value of the merger consideration represented by the exchange ratio will also vary. For example, based on the range of closing prices of CenturyLink common stock during the period from April 21, 2010, the last trading day before public announcement of the merger, through July 15, 2010, the latest practicable date before the date of this joint proxy statement–prospectus, the exchange ratio of 0.1664 shares of CenturyLink common stock represented a market value ranging from a low of \$5.48 to a high of \$6.02.

Because the merger will be completed after the date of the special meetings, at the time of your special meeting, you will not know the exact market value of the CenturyLink common stock that Qwest stockholders will receive upon completion of the merger. You should consider the following two risks:

- If the price of CenturyLink common stock increases between the date the merger agreement was signed or the date of the CenturyLink special meeting and the effective time of the merger, Qwest stockholders will receive shares of CenturyLink common stock that have a market value upon completion of the

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merger that is greater than the market value of such shares calculated pursuant to the exchange ratio when the merger agreement was signed or the date of the CenturyLink special meeting, respectively. Therefore, while the number of CenturyLink common shares to be issued per Qwest common share is fixed, CenturyLink shareholders cannot be sure of the market value of the consideration that will be paid to Qwest stockholders upon completion of the merger.

- If the price of CenturyLink common stock declines between the date the merger agreement was signed or the date of the Qwest special meeting and the effective time of the merger, including for any of the reasons described above, Qwest stockholders will receive shares of CenturyLink common stock that have a market value upon completion of the merger that is less than the market value of such shares calculated pursuant to the exchange ratio on the date the merger agreement was signed or on the date of the Qwest special meeting, respectively. Therefore, while the number of CenturyLink shares to be issued per Qwest common share is fixed, Qwest stockholders cannot be sure of the market value of the CenturyLink common stock they will receive upon completion of the merger or the market value of CenturyLink common stock at any time after the completion of the merger.

The completion of the merger is subject to the receipt of consents and approvals from government entities, which may impose conditions that could have an adverse effect on CenturyLink or Qwest or could cause either CenturyLink or Qwest to abandon the merger.

We are unable to complete the merger until after the applicable waiting period under the HSR Act expires or terminates and we receive approvals from the FCC and various state governmental entities. In deciding whether to grant some of these approvals, the relevant governmental entity will make a determination of whether, among other things, the merger is in the public interest. Regulatory entities may impose certain requirements or obligations as conditions for their approval or in connection with their review.

The merger agreement may require us to accept conditions from these regulators that could adversely impact the combined company without either of us having the right to refuse to close the merger on the basis of those regulatory conditions. Neither CenturyLink nor Qwest can provide any assurance that we will obtain the necessary approvals or that any required conditions will not have a material adverse effect on the combined company following the merger. In addition, we can provide no assurance that these conditions will not result in the abandonment of the merger. See “The Issuance of CenturyLink Shares and the Merger — Regulatory Approvals Required for the Merger” beginning on page 92 and “The Issuance of CenturyLink Shares and the Merger — The Merger Agreement — Conditions to Completion of the Merger” beginning on page 99.

Failure to complete the merger could negatively impact the stock prices and the future business and financial results of Qwest and CenturyLink.

If the merger is not completed, the ongoing businesses of Qwest or CenturyLink may be adversely affected and Qwest and CenturyLink will be subject to several risks, including the following:

- being required, under certain circumstances, to pay a termination fee of \$350 million;
- having to pay certain costs relating to the proposed merger, such as legal, accounting, financial advisor, filing, printing and mailing fees; and
- focusing of management of each of the companies on the merger instead of on pursuing other opportunities that could be beneficial to the companies, in each case, without realizing any of the benefits of having the merger completed.

If the merger is not completed, Qwest and CenturyLink cannot assure their shareholders that these risks will not materialize and will not materially affect the business, financial results and stock prices of Qwest or CenturyLink.

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The merger agreement contains provisions that could discourage a potential competing acquirer of either Qwest or CenturyLink or could result in any competing proposal being at a lower price than it might otherwise be.

The merger agreement contains “no shop” provisions that, subject to limited exceptions, restrict Qwest’s and CenturyLink’s ability to solicit, encourage, facilitate or discuss competing third party proposals to acquire all or a significant part of Qwest or CenturyLink. Further, even if the Qwest board of directors or CenturyLink board of directors withdraws or qualifies its recommendation for the adoption of the merger agreement or the issuance of CenturyLink stock in the merger, respectively, they will still be required to submit the matter to a vote of their respective shareholders at the special meetings. In addition, the other party generally has an opportunity to offer to modify the terms of the proposed merger in response to any competing acquisition proposals that may be made before such board of directors may withdraw or qualify its recommendation. In some circumstances on termination of the merger agreement, one of the parties may be required to pay a termination fee to the other party. See “The Issuance of CenturyLink Shares and the Merger — The Merger Agreement — No Solicitation of Alternative Proposals” beginning on page 100, “— Termination of the Merger Agreement” beginning on page 101 and “— Expenses and Termination Fees” beginning on page 102.

These provisions could discourage a potential competing acquirer that might have an interest in acquiring all or a significant part of Qwest or CenturyLink from considering or proposing that acquisition, even if it were prepared to pay consideration with a higher per share cash or market value than that market value proposed to be received or realized in the merger, or might result in a potential competing acquirer proposing to pay a lower price than it might otherwise have proposed to pay because of the added expense of the termination fee that may become payable in certain circumstances.

The pendency of the merger could adversely affect the business and operations of CenturyLink and Qwest.

In connection with the pending merger, some customers or vendors of each of CenturyLink and Qwest may delay or defer decisions, which could negatively impact the revenues, earnings, cash flows and expenses of CenturyLink and Qwest, regardless of whether the merger is completed. Similarly, current and prospective employees of CenturyLink and Qwest may experience uncertainty about their future roles with the combined company following the merger, which may materially adversely affect the ability of each of CenturyLink and Qwest to attract and retain key personnel during the pendency of the merger. In addition, due to operating covenants in the merger agreement, each of CenturyLink and Qwest may be unable, during the pendency of the merger, to pursue strategic transactions, undertake significant capital projects, undertake certain significant financing transactions and otherwise pursue other actions that are not in the ordinary course of business, even if such actions would prove beneficial.

Risk Factors Relating to CenturyLink Following the Merger

Operational Risks

CenturyLink expects to incur substantial expenses related to the merger.

CenturyLink expects to incur substantial expenses in connection with completing the merger and integrating the business, operations, networks, systems, technologies, policies and procedures of Qwest with those of CenturyLink. There are a large number of systems that must be integrated, including billing, management information, purchasing, accounting and finance, sales, payroll and benefits, fixed asset, lease administration and regulatory compliance. While CenturyLink has assumed that a certain level of transaction and integration expenses would be incurred, there are a number of factors beyond its control that could affect the total amount or the timing of its integration expenses. Many of the expenses that will be incurred, by their nature, are difficult to estimate accurately at the present time. Moreover, CenturyLink expects to commence these integration initiatives before it has completed a similar integration of its business with the business of Embarq, acquired in 2009, which could cause both of these integration initiatives to be delayed or rendered more costly or disruptive than would otherwise be the case. Due to these factors, the transaction and integration expenses associated with the Qwest merger could, particularly in the near term, exceed the savings

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that CenturyLink expects to achieve from the elimination of duplicative expenses and the realization of economies of scale and cost savings related to the integration of the businesses following the completion of the merger. As a result of these expenses, CenturyLink expects to take charges against its earnings before and after the completion of the merger. The charges taken after the merger are expected to be significant, although the aggregate amount and timing of such charges are uncertain at present.

Following the merger, the combined company may be unable to integrate successfully the businesses of CenturyLink and Qwest and realize the anticipated benefits of the merger.

The merger involves the combination of two companies which currently operate as independent public companies. The combined company will be required to devote significant management attention and resources to integrating the business practices and operations of CenturyLink and Qwest. Potential difficulties the combined company may encounter in the integration process include the following:

- the inability to successfully combine the businesses of CenturyLink and Qwest in a manner that permits the combined company to achieve the cost savings anticipated to result from the merger, which would result in the anticipated benefits of the merger not being realized in the time frame currently anticipated or at all;
- lost sales and customers as a result of certain customers of either of the two companies deciding not to do business with the combined company;
- the complexities associated with managing the combined businesses out of several different locations and integrating personnel from the two companies, while at the same time attempting to provide consistent, high quality products and services under a unified culture;
- the additional complexities of combining two companies with different histories, regulatory restrictions, markets and customer bases, and initiating this process before CenturyLink has fully completed the integration of its operations with those of Embarq;
- the failure to retain key employees of either of the two companies;
- potential unknown liabilities and unforeseen increased expenses, delays or regulatory conditions associated with the merger; and
- performance shortfalls at one or both of the two companies as a result of the diversion of management's attention caused by completing the merger and integrating the companies' operations.

For all these reasons, you should be aware that it is possible that the integration process could result in the distraction of the combined company's management, the disruption of the combined company's ongoing business or inconsistencies in the combined company's products, services, standards, controls, procedures and policies, any of which could adversely affect the ability of the combined company to maintain relationships with customers, vendors and employees or to achieve the anticipated benefits of the merger, or could otherwise adversely affect the business and financial results of the combined company.

The merger will change the profile of CenturyLink's local exchange markets to include more large urban areas, with which CenturyLink has limited operating experience.

Prior to the Embarq acquisition, CenturyLink provided local exchange telephone services to predominantly rural areas and small to mid-size cities. Although Embarq's local exchange markets include Las Vegas, Nevada and suburbs of Orlando and several other large U.S. cities, CenturyLink has operated these more dense markets only since mid-2009. Qwest's markets include Phoenix, Arizona, Denver, Colorado, Minneapolis — St. Paul, Minnesota, Seattle, Washington, Salt Lake City, Utah, and Portland, Oregon, and, on average, are substantially denser than those traditionally served by CenturyLink. While CenturyLink believes its strategies and operating models developed serving rural and smaller markets can successfully be applied to larger markets, it can not assure you of this. CenturyLink's business, financial performance and prospects could be harmed if its current strategies or operating models cannot be successfully applied to larger markets following the merger, or are required to be changed or abandoned to adjust to differences in these larger markets.

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Following the merger, the combined company may be unable to retain key employees.

The success of CenturyLink after the merger will depend in part upon its ability to retain key Qwest and CenturyLink employees. Key employees may depart either before or after the merger because of issues relating to the uncertainty and difficulty of integration or a desire not to remain with CenturyLink following the merger. Accordingly, no assurance can be given that CenturyLink, Qwest and, following the merger, the combined company will be able to retain key employees to the same extent as in the past.

If CenturyLink and Qwest continue to experience access line losses similar to the past several years, following the merger, the combined company's revenues, earnings and cash flows may be adversely impacted.

CenturyLink's and Qwest's businesses generate a substantial portion of their revenues by delivering voice and data services over access lines. CenturyLink and Qwest have experienced access line losses over the past several years due to a number of factors, including increased competition and wireless and broadband substitution. This trend has been more pronounced in the larger, more urban markets that constitute the core of Qwest's local exchange telephonic markets. CenturyLink and Qwest expect the combined company to continue to experience access line losses following the merger. The combined company's inability to retain access lines could adversely impact its revenues, earnings and cash flow from operations.

CenturyLink and Qwest face competition, which is expected to intensify and place further pressure on the market share of the combined company.

As a result of various technological, regulatory and other changes, the telecommunications industry has become increasingly competitive. CenturyLink and Qwest face competition from (i) wireless telephone services, which is expected to increase as wireless providers continue to expand and improve their network coverage and offer enhanced services, (ii) cable television operators, competitive local exchange carriers and VoIP providers and (iii) resellers, sales agents and facilities based providers that either use their own networks or lease parts of the networks of CenturyLink or Qwest. Over time, CenturyLink and Qwest expect to face additional local exchange competition from electric utility and satellite communications providers, municipalities and alternative networks or non-carrier systems designed to reduce demand for their switching or access services. The recent proliferation of companies offering integrated service offerings has intensified competition in Internet, long distance and data services markets, and CenturyLink and Qwest expect that competition will further intensify in these markets.

While CenturyLink expects to achieve benefits from the merger, the combined company's competitive position could be weakened in the future by strategic alliances or consolidation within the communications industry or the development of new technologies. CenturyLink's ability to compete successfully will depend on how well the combined company markets its products and services and on CenturyLink's ability to anticipate and respond to various competitive and technological factors affecting the industry, including changes in regulation (which may affect the combined company differently from its competitors), changes in consumer preferences or demographics, and changes in the product offerings or pricing strategies of the combined company's competitors.

Following the merger, some of CenturyLink's current and potential competitors are expected to (i) offer a more comprehensive range of communications products and services, (ii) have market presence, engineering, technical and marketing capabilities and financial, personnel and other resources greater than those of the combined company, (iii) own larger and more diverse networks, (iv) conduct operations or raise capital at a lower cost than the combined company, (v) be subject to less regulation, (vi) offer greater online content services or (vii) have substantially stronger brand names. Consequently, these competitors may be better equipped to charge lower prices for their products and services, to provide more attractive offerings, to develop and expand their communications and network infrastructures more quickly, to adapt more swiftly to new or emerging technologies and changes in customer requirements, and to devote greater resources to the marketing and sale of their products and services.

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Competition could adversely impact CenturyLink following the merger in several ways, including (i) the loss of customers and market share, (ii) the possibility of customers reducing their usage of the combined company's services or shifting to less profitable services, (iii) reduced traffic on the combined company's networks, (iv) the combined company's need to expend substantial time or money on new capital improvement projects, (v) the combined company's need to lower prices or increase marketing expenses to remain competitive and (vi) the combined company's inability to diversify by successfully offering new products or services.

CenturyLink could be harmed by rapid changes in technology.

The communications industry is experiencing significant technological changes, particularly in the areas of VoIP, data transmission and electronic and wireless communications. The growing prevalence of electronic mail and similar digital communications continues to reduce demand for many of the products and services currently offered by CenturyLink and Qwest. Other changes in technology could result in the development of additional products or services that compete with or displace those offered by CenturyLink and Qwest, or that enable current customers to reduce or bypass use of their networks. Several large electric utilities have announced plans to offer communications services that will compete with local exchange companies. Following the merger, some of CenturyLink's competitors may enjoy network advantages that will enable them to provide services that have a greater market acceptance than the combined company's services. Technological change could also require CenturyLink to expend capital or other resources in excess of currently contemplated levels. CenturyLink cannot predict with certainty which technological changes will provide the greatest threat to the combined company's competitive position. CenturyLink may not be able to obtain timely access to new technology on satisfactory terms or incorporate new technology into its systems in a cost effective manner, or at all. If CenturyLink cannot develop new products to keep pace with technological advances, or if such products are not widely embraced by its customers, it could be adversely impacted.

The industry in which CenturyLink operates is changing; CenturyLink cannot assure you that its diversification efforts will be successful.

The telephone industry has recently experienced a decline in access lines and intrastate minutes of use, which, coupled with the other changes resulting from competitive, technological and regulatory developments, could materially adversely affect the core business and future prospects of CenturyLink following the merger. As explained in greater detail in the reports that CenturyLink and Qwest have filed with the SEC, the number of access lines operated by traditional phone companies have decreased over the last several years, and CenturyLink and Qwest each expects this trend to continue. CenturyLink and Qwest have also earned less intrastate revenues in recent years due to reductions in intrastate minutes of use (partially due to the displacement of minutes of use by wireless, electronic mail, text messaging, arbitrage and other optional calling services). CenturyLink believes that the combined company's intrastate minutes of use after the merger will continue to decline, although the magnitude of such decrease is uncertain. Likewise, similar reductions are occurring for interstate minutes of use and are expected to continue after the merger.

Recently, CenturyLink and Qwest have broadened their products and services by reselling, as part of their bundled product and service offerings, the products or services of other third party providers. CenturyLink's reliance after the merger on other companies and their networks to provide these services could constrain its flexibility and limit the profitability of these new offerings. CenturyLink provides facilities-based digital video services to select markets and may initiate other new service or product offerings in the future. CenturyLink anticipates that these new offerings will generate lower profit margins than many of its traditional services. Moreover, CenturyLink's new product or service offerings could be constrained by intellectual property rights held by others, or could subject it to the risk of infringement claims brought by others. For these and other reasons, CenturyLink cannot assure you that its recent or future diversification efforts will be successful.

CenturyLink may not be able to continue to grow through acquisitions.

CenturyLink has traditionally sought growth largely through acquisitions of properties similar to those currently operated by it. However, following the merger, CenturyLink cannot assure you that properties will be

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available for purchase on terms attractive to it, particularly if they are burdened by regulations, pricing plans or competitive pressures that are new or different from those historically applicable to the incumbent properties of CenturyLink and Qwest. Moreover, CenturyLink cannot assure you that it will be able to arrange financing on terms acceptable to it or to obtain timely federal and state governmental approvals on terms acceptable to it, or at all.

CenturyLink's future results will suffer if CenturyLink does not effectively manage its expanded operations following the merger.

Following the merger, CenturyLink may continue to expand its operations through additional acquisitions, other strategic transactions, and new product and service offerings, some of which involve complex technical, engineering, and operational challenges. CenturyLink's future success depends, in part, upon CenturyLink's ability to manage its expansion opportunities, which pose substantial challenges for CenturyLink to integrate new operations into its existing business in an efficient and timely manner, to successfully monitor CenturyLink's operations, costs, regulatory compliance and service quality, and to maintain other necessary internal controls. CenturyLink cannot assure you that its expansion or acquisition opportunities will be successful, or that CenturyLink will realize its expected operating efficiencies, cost savings, revenue enhancements, synergies or other benefits.

Following the merger, CenturyLink may need to conduct branding or rebranding initiatives that are likely to involve substantial costs and may not be favorably received by customers.

CenturyLink plans to consult with Qwest about how and under what brand names to market the various legacy communications services of CenturyLink and Qwest. Prior to the merger, CenturyLink and Qwest will each continue to market their respective products and services using the "CenturyLink" and "Qwest" brand names and logos. Following the merger, CenturyLink may discontinue use of either or both of the "CenturyLink" or "Qwest" brand names and logos in some or all of the markets of the combined company and will incur substantial capital and other costs in rebranding the combined company's products and services in those markets that previously used a different name and may result in substantial write-offs associated with the discontinued use of a brand name. The failure of any of these initiatives could adversely affect CenturyLink's ability to attract and retain customers after the merger, resulting in reduced revenues.

Following the merger, CenturyLink's relationships with other communications companies will continue to be material to its operations and will expose it to a number of risks.

Following the merger, CenturyLink will continue to originate and terminate calls for long distance carriers and other interexchange carriers over the combined company's networks in exchange for access charges that will continue to represent a significant portion of CenturyLink's revenues. If these carriers go bankrupt or experience substantial financial difficulties, CenturyLink's inability to timely collect access charges from them could have a negative effect on CenturyLink's business and results of operations.

In addition, certain of CenturyLink's operations will continue to carry a significant amount of voice and data traffic for larger communications companies. As these larger communications companies consolidate or expand their networks, it is possible that they could transfer a significant portion of this traffic from the combined company's fiber network to their networks, which could have a negative effect on CenturyLink's business and results of operations.

Following completion of the merger, it is expected that CenturyLink will continue to rely on certain reseller and sales agency arrangements with other companies to provide some of the services that it will sell to its customers. If CenturyLink fails to extend or renegotiate these arrangements as they expire from time to time or if these other companies fail to fulfill their contractual obligations, CenturyLink may have difficulty finding alternative arrangements. In addition, as a reseller or sales agent, CenturyLink will not control the availability, retail price, design, function, quality, reliability, customer service or branding of these products and services, nor will it directly control all of the marketing and promotion of these products and services. To

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the extent that these other companies make decisions that negatively impact the ability of CenturyLink to market and sell its products and services, its business plans and reputation could be negatively impacted.

Network disruptions or system failures could adversely affect CenturyLink's operating results and financial condition.

To be successful following the merger, CenturyLink will need to continue providing the combined company's customers with high capacity, reliable and secure networks. Disruptions or system failures may cause interruptions in service or reduced capacity for customers. If service is not restored in a timely manner, agreements with the combined company's customers or service standards set by state regulatory commissions could obligate it to provide credits or other remedies. If network security is breached, confidential information of the combined company's customers or others could be lost or misappropriated, and CenturyLink may be required to expend additional resources modifying network security to remediate vulnerabilities. The occurrence of any disruption or system failure may result in a loss of business, increase expenses, damage CenturyLink's reputation, subject CenturyLink to additional regulatory scrutiny or expose it to civil litigation and possible financial losses that may not be fully covered through insurance, any of which could have a material adverse effect on CenturyLink's results of operations and financial condition.

Regulatory and Legal Risks

CenturyLink's revenues could be materially reduced or its expenses materially increased by changes in regulations, including those recently proposed by the FCC.

Much of CenturyLink's and Qwest's revenues are, and following the merger will remain, dependent upon laws and regulations which, if changed, could result in material revenue reductions. Laws and regulations applicable to CenturyLink, Qwest and their competitors have been and are likely to continue to be challenged in the courts, which, following the merger, could also affect the combined company's revenues.

Risk of loss or reduction of network access charge revenues or support fund payments. CenturyLink and Qwest are subject to substantial regulation by the FCC. FCC rules and regulations are subject to change in response to industry developments, changes in law, technological changes and political considerations. The FCC regulates tariffs for interstate access and subscriber line charges, both of which are components of CenturyLink's and Qwest's revenues. The FCC has been considering comprehensive reform of its inter carrier compensation rules for several years.

Following the merger, the combined company will continue to receive substantial revenues from the federal Universal Service Fund, which we refer to as the USF, and, to a lesser extent, intrastate support funds. These governmental programs are reviewed and amended from time to time, and CenturyLink cannot assure you that they will not be changed or impacted in a manner adverse to CenturyLink. For several years, the FCC and a federal-state joint board established by Congress have considered comprehensive reforms of the federal USF contribution and distribution rules. During this period, various parties have objected to the size of the USF or questioned the continued need to maintain the program in its current form. Pending judicial appeals and congressional proposals create additional uncertainty regarding our future receipt of support payments. In addition, the number of eligible telecommunications carriers receiving support payments from this program has increased substantially in recent years, which, coupled with other factors, has placed additional financial pressure on the amount of money that is available to provide support payments to all eligible recipients, including CenturyLink and Qwest.

The FCC's 10-year National Broadband Plan released on March 16, 2010 seeks comprehensive changes in federal communications regulations and programs that could, among other things, result in lower universal service funding and access revenues for several of CenturyLink's and Qwest's local exchange companies. At this stage, neither company can predict the ultimate outcome of this plan or provide any assurances that its implementation will not have a material adverse effect on their business, operating results or financial condition.

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Risks posed by state regulations. CenturyLink and Qwest are also subject to the authority of state regulatory commissions which have the power to regulate intrastate rates and services, including local, in-state long-distance and network access services. CenturyLink's and Qwest's businesses could be materially adversely affected by the adoption of new laws, policies and regulations or changes to existing state regulations. In particular, CenturyLink cannot assure you that it will succeed in obtaining or maintaining all requisite state regulatory approvals for its current operations or, following the merger, the operations of the combined company without the imposition of restrictions on its business, which could have the effect of imposing material additional costs on CenturyLink or limiting its revenues.

Risks posed by costs of regulatory compliance. Regulations continue to create significant compliance costs for CenturyLink and Qwest. Following the merger, challenges to CenturyLink's tariffs by regulators or third parties or delays in obtaining certifications and regulatory approvals could cause it to incur substantial legal and administrative expenses, and, if successful, such challenges could adversely affect the rates, terms and conditions of the service offerings. CenturyLink's and Qwest's businesses also may be impacted by legislation and regulation imposing new or greater obligations related to assisting law enforcement, bolstering homeland security, increasing disaster recovery requirements, minimizing environmental impacts, enhancing privacy or addressing other issues that impact CenturyLink's or Qwest's businesses. CenturyLink expects its compliance costs to increase if future laws or regulations continue to increase its obligations to assist other governmental agencies.

Any adverse outcome of the KPNQwest litigation or other material litigation of Qwest or CenturyLink could have a material adverse impact on the financial condition and operating results of CenturyLink following the merger.

As described in further detail in Qwest's reports filed with the SEC, the pending KPNQwest litigation presents material and significant risks to Qwest, and, following the merger, to the combined company. In the aggregate, the plaintiffs in these matters have sought billions of dollars in damages.

There are other material proceedings pending against Qwest and CenturyLink, as described in their respective reports filed with the SEC. Depending on their outcome, any of these matters could have a material adverse effect on the financial position or operating results of Qwest, CenturyLink or, following the merger, the combined company. Neither Qwest nor CenturyLink can give any assurances as to the impacts on their operating results or financial conditions as a result of these matters.

Counterparties to certain significant agreements with Qwest may exercise contractual rights to terminate such agreements following the merger.

Qwest is a party to certain agreements that give the counterparty a right to terminate the agreement following a "change in control" of Qwest. Under most such agreements, the merger will constitute a change in control and therefore the counterparty may terminate the agreement upon the closing of the merger. Qwest has agreements subject to such termination provisions with significant customers, major suppliers and providers of services where Qwest has acted as reseller or sales agent. In addition, certain Qwest customer contracts, including those with state or federal government agencies, allow the customer to terminate the contract at any time for convenience, which would allow the customer to terminate its contract before, at or after the closing of the merger. Any such counterparty may request modifications of their respective agreements as a condition to their agreement not to terminate. There is no assurance that such agreements will not be terminated, that any such terminations will not result in a material adverse effect, or that any modifications of such agreements to avoid termination will not result in a material adverse effect.

CenturyLink may be unable to obtain security clearances necessary to perform certain Qwest government contracts.

Certain Qwest legal entities and officers have security clearances required for Qwest's performance of customer contracts with various government entities. Following the merger, it may be necessary for

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CenturyLink to obtain comparable security clearances. If CenturyLink or its officers are unable to qualify for such security clearances, CenturyLink may not be able to continue to perform such contracts.

Other Risks

In connection with the merger, CenturyLink will assume a substantial amount of indebtedness and may need to incur more in the future.

As a result of assuming Qwest's indebtedness in connection with the merger, CenturyLink will become more leveraged. This could have material adverse consequences for CenturyLink, including (i) reducing CenturyLink's credit ratings and thereby raising its borrowing costs, (ii) hindering CenturyLink's ability to adjust to changing market, industry or economic conditions, (iii) limiting CenturyLink's ability to access the capital markets to refinance maturing debt or to fund acquisitions or emerging businesses, (iv) limiting the amount of free cash flow available for future operations, acquisitions, dividends, stock repurchases or other uses, (v) making CenturyLink more vulnerable to economic or industry downturns, including interest rate increases, and (vi) placing CenturyLink at a competitive disadvantage compared to less leveraged competitors.

In connection with executing CenturyLink's business strategies following the merger, CenturyLink expects to continue to evaluate the possibility of acquiring additional communications assets and making strategic investments, and CenturyLink may elect to finance these endeavors by incurring additional indebtedness. Moreover, to respond to competitive challenges, CenturyLink may be required to raise substantial additional capital to finance new product or service offerings. CenturyLink's ability to arrange additional financing will depend on, among other factors, CenturyLink's and, following the merger, the combined company's financial position and performance, as well as prevailing market conditions and other factors beyond CenturyLink's control. CenturyLink cannot assure you that it will be able to obtain additional financing on terms acceptable to CenturyLink or at all. If CenturyLink is able to obtain additional financing, CenturyLink's credit ratings could be further adversely affected, which could further raise CenturyLink's borrowing costs and further limit its future access to capital and its ability to satisfy its obligations under its indebtedness.

CenturyLink cannot assure you whether, when or in what amounts it will be able to use Qwest's net operating losses following the merger.

As of March 31, 2010, Qwest had \$5.46 billion of net operating losses, or NOLs, which for federal income tax purposes can be used to offset future taxable income, subject to certain limitations under Section 382 of the Code and related regulations. CenturyLink's ability to use these NOLs following the merger may be further limited by Section 382 if Qwest is deemed to undergo an ownership change as a result of the merger or CenturyLink is deemed to undergo an ownership change following the merger, either of which could restrict use of a material portion of the NOLs. Determining the limitations under Section 382 is technical and highly complex. Although the parties, based on their review to date, currently believe that Qwest will not undergo an ownership change as a result of the merger, neither company has definitively completed the analysis necessary to confirm this. Moreover, issuances or sales of CenturyLink stock following the merger (including certain transactions outside of CenturyLink's control) could result in an ownership change under Section 382. For these and other reasons, we cannot assure you that CenturyLink will be able to use the NOLs after the merger in the amounts it projects.

Adverse changes in the value of assets or obligations associated with CenturyLink's employee benefit plans could negatively impact its financial results or financial position.

Following the merger, CenturyLink will maintain one or more qualified pension plans, non-qualified pension plans and post retirement benefit plans, several of which are currently underfunded. Adverse changes in interest rates or market conditions, among other assumptions and factors, could cause a significant increase in the benefit obligations under these plans or a significant decrease in the value of plan assets. With respect to the qualified pension plans, adverse changes could require CenturyLink to contribute a material amount of cash to the plans or could accelerate the timing of any required cash payments. The process of calculating benefit obligations is complex. The amount of required contributions to these plans in future years will depend on

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earnings on investments, discount rates, changes in the plans and funding laws and regulations. Any future material cash contributions could have a negative impact on CenturyLink's financial results or financial position.

The historical and unaudited pro forma combined condensed financial information included elsewhere in this joint proxy statement-prospectus may not be representative of CenturyLink's results after the merger, and accordingly, you have limited financial information on which to evaluate the combined company.

CenturyLink and Qwest will continue to operate as separate companies prior to the merger. CenturyLink and Qwest have no prior history as a combined company. The historical financial statements of Qwest may be different from those that would have resulted had Qwest been operated as part of CenturyLink. The pro forma combined condensed financial information appearing below has been presented for informational purposes only and is not necessarily indicative of the financial position or results of operations that actually would have occurred had the merger been completed as of the dates indicated, nor is it indicative of the future operating results or financial position of the combined company. The unaudited pro forma combined condensed financial information reflects adjustments, which are based upon preliminary estimates, to allocate the purchase price to Qwest's assets and liabilities. The purchase price allocation reflected in the pro forma combined condensed financial information included in this joint proxy statement-prospectus is preliminary, and the final allocation of the purchase price will be based upon the actual purchase price and the fair value of the assets and liabilities of Qwest as of the date of the completion of the merger. The unaudited pro forma combined condensed financial information does not reflect future events that may occur after the merger, including the costs related to the planned integration of Qwest and any future non-recurring charges resulting from the merger, and does not consider potential impacts of current market conditions on revenues or expense efficiencies. The unaudited pro forma financial information presented in this joint proxy statement-prospectus is based in part on certain assumptions regarding the merger that CenturyLink believes are reasonable under the circumstances. CenturyLink cannot assure you that the assumptions will prove to be accurate over time.

CenturyLink cannot assure you that it will be able to continue paying dividends at the current rate.

As noted elsewhere in this joint proxy statement-prospectus, CenturyLink plans to continue its current dividend practices following the merger. However, you should be aware that CenturyLink shareholders may not receive the same dividends following the merger for reasons that may include any of the following factors:

- CenturyLink may not have enough cash to pay such dividends due to changes in CenturyLink's cash requirements, capital spending plans, cash flow or financial position;
- decisions on whether, when and in which amounts to make any future distributions will remain at all times entirely at the discretion of the CenturyLink board of directors, which reserves the right to change CenturyLink's dividend practices at any time and for any reason;
- the effects of regulatory reform, including any changes to inter-carrier compensation and the USF rules;
- CenturyLink's desire to maintain or improve the credit ratings on its senior debt;
- the amount of dividends that CenturyLink may distribute to its shareholders is subject to restrictions under Louisiana law and is limited by restricted payment and leverage covenants in CenturyLink's credit facilities and, potentially, the terms of any future indebtedness that CenturyLink may incur; and
- the amount of dividends that CenturyLink's subsidiaries may distribute to CenturyLink is subject to restrictions imposed by state law, restrictions that may be imposed by state regulators in connection with obtaining necessary approvals for the merger, and restrictions imposed by the terms of credit facilities applicable to certain subsidiaries and, potentially, the terms of any future indebtedness that these subsidiaries may incur.

CenturyLink's common shareholders should be aware that they have no contractual or other legal right to dividends that have not been declared.

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CenturyLink faces other risks.

The risks listed above are not exhaustive, and you should be aware that following the merger CenturyLink will face various other risks, including those discussed in reports filed by CenturyLink and Qwest with the SEC.

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This joint proxy statement-prospectus and the documents incorporated by reference into this joint proxy statement-prospectus contain certain forecasts and other forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 with respect to the financial condition, results of operations, business strategies, operating efficiencies or synergies, revenue enhancements, competitive positions, growth opportunities, plans and objectives of the management of each of CenturyLink, Qwest and, following the merger, the combined company, the merger and the markets for CenturyLink and Qwest common stock and other matters. Statements in this joint proxy statement-prospectus and the documents incorporated by reference herein that are not historical facts are hereby identified as "forward looking statements" for the purpose of the safe harbor provided by Section 21E of the Exchange Act, and Section 27A of the Securities Act. These forward-looking statements, including, without limitation, those relating to the future business prospects, revenues and income of CenturyLink, Qwest and, following the merger, the combined company, wherever they occur in this joint proxy statement-prospectus or the documents incorporated by reference herein, are necessarily estimates reflecting the best judgment of the respective managements of CenturyLink and Qwest and involve a number of risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those suggested by the forward looking statements. These forward looking statements should, therefore, be considered in light of various important factors, including those set forth in and incorporated by reference into this joint proxy statement-prospectus.

Words such as "estimate," "project," "plan," "intend," "expect," "anticipate," "believe," "would," "should," "could" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are found at various places throughout this joint proxy statement-prospectus, including in the section entitled "Risk Factors" beginning on page 14. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those indicated by such forward-looking statements include those set forth in CenturyLink's and Qwest's filings with the SEC, including their respective Annual Reports on Form 10-K for 2009, as updated by subsequent Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q. These important factors also include those set forth under "Risk Factors," beginning on page 14, as well as, among others, risks and uncertainties relating to:

- the ability of the parties to timely and successfully receive the required approvals for the merger from (i) regulatory agencies free of conditions materially adverse to the parties and (ii) their respective shareholders;
- the possibility that the anticipated benefits from the merger cannot be fully realized or may take longer to realize than expected;
- the possibility that costs, difficulties or disruptions related to the integration of Qwest's operations into CenturyLink will be greater than expected;
- the ability of the combined company to retain and hire key personnel;
- the timing, success and overall effects of competition from a wide variety of competitive providers;
- continued access to credit markets on acceptable terms;
- the risks inherent in rapid technological change;
- the effects of ongoing changes in the regulation of the communications industry, including changes recently proposed by the FCC;
- the ability of the combined company to (i) effectively adjust to changes in the communications industry (ii) effectively adjust to changes in the composition of its markets and product mix and (iii) successfully introduce new product or service offerings on a timely and cost-effective basis;
- the outcome of pending litigation in which CenturyLink or Qwest is involved, including the KPNQwest litigation matters in which the plaintiffs have sought, in the aggregate, billions of dollars in damages;

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- the ability of the combined company to utilize the NOLs of Qwest in amounts projected;
- changes in the future cash requirements of the combined company; and
- general market, labor and economic and related uncertainties.

Due to these risks and uncertainties, there can be no assurances that the results anticipated by the forecasts or other forward-looking statements of CenturyLink or Qwest will occur, that their respective judgments or assumptions will prove correct, or that unforeseen developments will not occur. Accordingly, you are cautioned not to place undue reliance upon any forecasts or other forward looking statements of CenturyLink or Qwest, which speak only as of the date made. CenturyLink and Qwest undertake no obligation to publicly update any forward looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events, changed circumstances or otherwise.

THE COMPANIES

CenturyLink

CenturyLink, Inc.
100 CenturyLink Drive
Monroe, LA 71203
Telephone: (318) 388 9000

CenturyLink, a Louisiana corporation, together with its subsidiaries, is an integrated communications company engaged primarily in providing an array of communications services, including local and long distance voice, wholesale local network access, high-speed Internet access, data, and video services. CenturyLink strives to maintain its customer relationships by, among other things, bundling its service offerings to provide a complete offering of integrated communications services. CenturyLink primarily conducts its operations in 33 states located within the continental United States. On July 1, 2009, CenturyLink acquired Embarq in a transaction that substantially expanded the size and scope of CenturyLink's business and reduced the significance of direct comparisons of CenturyLink's recent results of operations or operating data with periods preceding the Embarq transaction. CenturyLink began using the "CenturyLink" brand name immediately following this acquisition, and formally changed its name from "CenturyTel, Inc." to "CenturyLink, Inc." on May 20, 2010.

As of March 31, 2010, CenturyLink's incumbent local exchange telephone subsidiaries operated approximately 6.9 million telephone access lines in 33 states, with over 75% of these lines located in Florida, North Carolina, Missouri, Nevada, Ohio, Wisconsin, Texas, Pennsylvania, Virginia and Alabama. According to published sources, CenturyLink is currently the fourth largest local exchange telephone company in the United States based on the number of access lines served.

CenturyLink also provides fiber transport, competitive local exchange carrier, security monitoring, pay telephone and other communications, professional and business information services in certain local and regional markets.

In recent years, CenturyLink has expanded its product offerings to include satellite television services and wireless broadband services.

Additional information about CenturyLink and its subsidiaries is included in documents incorporated by reference into this joint proxy statement prospectus. See "Where You Can Find More Information" on page 131.

Qwest

Qwest Communications International Inc.
1801 California Street
Denver, CO 80202
Telephone: (303) 992 1400

Qwest, a Delaware corporation, offers data, Internet, video and voice services nationwide and globally. Qwest operates the majority of its business in the 14-state region of Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Iowa, Minnesota, Montana, Nebraska, New Mexico, North Dakota, Oregon, South Dakota, Utah, Washington and Wyoming. Qwest's products and services include: (i) strategic services, which include primarily private line, broadband, Qwest iQ Networking[®], hosting, video, VoIP and Verizon Wireless services; (ii) legacy services, which include primarily local, long-distance, access, WAN and ISDN services; and (iii) data integration. Most of Qwest's products and services are provided using its telecommunications network, which consists of voice and data switches, copper cables, fiber optic broadband cables and other equipment, the majority of which is located in the 14 state region noted above. Additional information about Qwest and its subsidiaries is included in documents incorporated by reference into this joint proxy statement-prospectus. See "Where You Can Find More Information" on page 131.

SB44 Acquisition Company

SB44 Acquisition Company, a wholly owned subsidiary of CenturyLink, is a Delaware corporation formed on April 21, 2010 for the purpose of effecting the merger. Upon completion of the merger, SB44 Acquisition Company will be merged with and into Qwest and the name of the resulting company will be Qwest Communications International Inc.

SB44 Acquisition Company has not conducted any activities other than those incidental to its formation and the matters contemplated by the merger agreement, including the preparation of applicable regulatory filings in connection with the merger.

THE CENTURYLINK SPECIAL MEETING

Date, Time and Place

The special meeting of CenturyLink shareholders will be held at 100 CenturyLink Drive, Monroe, Louisiana, on August 24, 2010 at 11:00 a.m., local time.

Purpose of the CenturyLink Special Meeting

At the CenturyLink special meeting, CenturyLink shareholders will be asked:

- to vote on a proposal to approve the issuance of CenturyLink common stock to Qwest stockholders in connection with the merger; and
- to vote upon an adjournment of the CenturyLink special meeting, if necessary, to solicit additional proxies if there are not sufficient votes for the proposal to issue CenturyLink common stock in connection with the merger.

Recommendation of the Board of Directors of CenturyLink

The CenturyLink board of directors unanimously has determined that the merger, the merger agreement and the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement, including the issuance of CenturyLink common stock to Qwest stockholders in connection with the merger, are advisable and in the best interests of CenturyLink and its shareholders and has unanimously approved the merger agreement.

The CenturyLink board of directors unanimously recommends that the CenturyLink shareholders vote "FOR" the proposal to issue shares of CenturyLink common stock to Qwest stockholders in connection with the merger.

CenturyLink Record Date; Stock Entitled to Vote

Only holders of record of shares of CenturyLink common stock or voting preferred stock at the close of business on July 13, 2010, the record date for the CenturyLink special meeting, will be entitled to notice of, and to vote at, the CenturyLink special meeting or any adjournments thereof. You may cast one vote for each share of common stock or voting preferred stock of CenturyLink that you owned on the record date.

On the record date, there were outstanding a total of 301,272,052 shares of CenturyLink common stock entitled to vote at the CenturyLink special meeting and 9,434 shares of CenturyLink voting preferred stock entitled to vote at the CenturyLink special meeting.

On the record date, less than 1.0% of the outstanding CenturyLink common shares and none of the outstanding shares of CenturyLink voting preferred stock were held by CenturyLink directors and executive officers and their respective affiliates. CenturyLink currently expects that CenturyLink's directors and executive officers will vote their shares in favor of the issuance of CenturyLink common stock to Qwest stockholders in connection with the merger, although none has entered into any agreements obligating them to do so.

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Quorum

Shareholders who hold a majority of the total number of shares of CenturyLink common stock and voting preferred stock issued and outstanding on the record date must be present or represented by proxy to constitute a quorum to organize the CenturyLink special meeting. All shares of CenturyLink common stock or voting preferred stock represented at the CenturyLink special meeting, including abstentions and broker non-votes (shares held by a broker or nominee that are represented at the meeting, but with respect to which the broker or nominee is not instructed by the beneficial owner of such shares to vote on the particular proposal), will be treated as present for purposes of determining the presence or absence of a quorum to organize the CenturyLink special meeting.

Required Vote

The issuance of CenturyLink common stock to Qwest stockholders in connection with the merger requires approval by the affirmative vote of holders of a majority of the votes cast on the proposal at the CenturyLink special meeting by holders of CenturyLink common stock and voting preferred stock, voting as a single class. Approval of any proposal to adjourn the CenturyLink special meeting, if necessary, for the purpose of soliciting additional proxies requires the affirmative vote of holders of a majority of the total shares of CenturyLink common stock and voting preferred stock present or represented at the meeting, voting as a single class.

Abstentions and Broker Non-Votes

If you are a CenturyLink shareholder and fail to vote, fail to instruct your broker or nominee to vote, or abstain from voting, it will have no effect on the proposal to approve the issuance of shares of CenturyLink common stock to Qwest stockholders in connection with the merger or any adjournment proposals, assuming a quorum is present. Although abstentions and broker non-votes will be counted as present for purposes of determining whether a quorum is present to organize the CenturyLink special meeting, they will not be counted as present, represented by proxy, or cast for purposes of determining whether the requisite vote to approve any such proposal has been obtained.

Voting of Proxies

A proxy card is enclosed for your use. CenturyLink requests that you sign the accompanying proxy and return it promptly in the enclosed postage-paid envelope. You may also vote your shares by telephone or through the Internet. Information and applicable deadlines for voting by telephone or through the Internet are set forth on the enclosed proxy card. When the accompanying proxy is returned properly executed, the shares of CenturyLink common stock or voting preferred stock represented by it will be voted at the CenturyLink special meeting or any adjournment thereof in accordance with the instructions contained in the proxy.

If a proxy is signed and returned without an indication as to how the shares of CenturyLink common stock or voting preferred stock represented by the proxy are to be voted with regard to a particular proposal, the CenturyLink common stock or voting preferred stock represented by the proxy will be voted in favor of each such proposal. At the date hereof, CenturyLink management has no knowledge of any business that will be presented for consideration at the special meeting and which would be required to be set forth in this joint proxy statement prospectus other than the matters set forth in CenturyLink's accompanying Notice of Special Meeting of Shareholders. In accordance with CenturyLink's bylaws and Louisiana law, business transacted at the CenturyLink special meeting will be limited to those matters set forth in such notice. Nonetheless, if any other matter is properly presented at the CenturyLink special meeting for consideration, it is intended that the persons named in the enclosed proxy and acting thereunder will vote in accordance with their best judgment on such matter.

Your vote is important. Accordingly, please sign and return the enclosed proxy card whether or not you plan to attend the CenturyLink special meeting in person.

Participants in Benefit Plans

If you beneficially own any CenturyLink common stock by virtue of participating in any retirement plan of CenturyLink or Embarras, then you have received separate voting instruction cards in lieu of a proxy card. These voting instruction cards entitle you, on a confidential basis, to instruct the plan trustees how to vote the shares of CenturyLink common stock allocated to your plan account. The cards for some of the plans will similarly entitle you to direct the voting of a proportionate number of plan shares of CenturyLink common stock for which properly executed instructions are not timely received and some will require you to act in your capacity as a "named fiduciary," which requires you to exercise your voting rights prudently and in the interest of all plan participants. Plan participants who wish to vote should complete and return voting instruction cards in the manner provided by such cards. If you elect not to vote plan shares of CenturyLink common stock allocated to your accounts, your plan shares will be voted in the manner specified in the voting instruction cards.

Shares Held in Street Name

If you hold your shares of CenturyLink stock in a stock brokerage account or if your shares are held by a bank or nominee (that is, in street name), you must provide the record holder of your shares with instructions on how to vote your shares if you wish them to be counted. Please follow the voting instructions provided by your broker, bank or nominee. Please note that you may not vote shares held in street name by returning a proxy card directly to CenturyLink or by voting in person at the CenturyLink special meeting unless you provide to CenturyLink a "legal proxy," which you must obtain from your broker, bank or nominee. Further, brokers who hold shares of CenturyLink stock on behalf of their customers may not vote those shares without specific instructions from their customers.

If you are a CenturyLink shareholder and you do not instruct your broker on how to vote any of your shares held in street name, your broker may not vote those shares, which will have no effect on any of the proposals to be considered at the CenturyLink special meeting, assuming a quorum is present.

Revocability of Proxies or Voting Instructions

If you are a holder of record on the record date for the CenturyLink special meeting, you have the power to revoke your proxy at any time before your proxy is voted at the CenturyLink special meeting. You can revoke your proxy in one of three ways:

- you can send a signed notice of revocation;
- you can grant a new, valid proxy bearing a later date; or
- you can attend the CenturyLink special meeting and vote in person, which will automatically cancel any proxy previously given, or you can revoke your proxy in person, but your attendance alone will not revoke any proxy that you have previously given.

If you choose either of the first two methods, your notice of revocation or your new proxy must be received by CenturyLink's Secretary at 100 CenturyLink Drive, Monroe, Louisiana 71203, no later than the beginning of the CenturyLink special meeting. If you have voted your shares by telephone or through the Internet, you may revoke your prior telephone or Internet vote by recording a different vote using the telephone or Internet, or by signing and returning a proxy card dated as of a date that is later than your last telephone or Internet vote.

Plan participants who wish to revoke their voting instructions must contact the applicable plan trustee and follow its procedures.

Solicitation of Proxies

In accordance with the merger agreement, the cost of proxy solicitation for the CenturyLink special meeting will be borne by CenturyLink. In addition to the use of the mail, proxies may be solicited by officers and directors and regular employees of CenturyLink, without additional remuneration, by personal interview, telephone, facsimile or otherwise. CenturyLink will also request brokerage firms, nominees, custodians and

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fiduciaries to forward proxy materials to the beneficial owners of shares held of record on the record date and will provide customary reimbursement to such firms for the cost of forwarding these materials. CenturyLink has retained Innisfree M&A Incorporated to assist in its solicitation of proxies and has agreed to pay them a fee of \$50,000, plus an additional \$25,000 contingent upon the approval of the proposal to issue shares of CenturyLink common stock in connection with the merger, plus reasonable expenses, for these services.

THE QWEST SPECIAL MEETING

Date, Time and Place

The special meeting of Qwest stockholders is scheduled to be held at the Colorado Ballroom, Denver Marriott City Center, 1701 California Street, Denver, CO 80202, on August 24, 2010 at 10:00 A.M., local time.

Purpose of the Qwest Special Meeting

The special meeting of Qwest stockholders is being held:

- to adopt the Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of April 21, 2010, among CenturyLink, SB44 Acquisition Company, a wholly owned subsidiary of CenturyLink, and Qwest, pursuant to which SB44 Acquisition Company will be merged with and into Qwest and each outstanding share of common stock of Qwest will be converted into the right to receive 0.1664 shares of common stock of CenturyLink, with cash paid in lieu of fractional shares; and
- to vote upon an adjournment of the Qwest special meeting, if necessary, to solicit additional proxies if there are not sufficient votes to adopt the merger agreement.

Recommendation of the Board of Directors of Qwest

The board of directors of Qwest has determined that the merger agreement is advisable and in the best interests of Qwest and its stockholders, and has approved the merger agreement and the merger.

The Qwest board of directors unanimously recommends that you vote "FOR" the adoption of the merger agreement.

Qwest Record Date; Stock Entitled to Vote

Only holders of record of shares of Qwest common stock at the close of business on July 13, 2010 are entitled to notice of, and to vote at, the Qwest special meeting and at an adjournment of the meeting. This date is referred to as the record date for the meeting. A complete list of stockholders of record of Qwest entitled to vote at the Qwest special meeting will be available for the 10 days before the Qwest special meeting at Qwest's executive offices and principal place of business at 1801 California Street, Denver, Colorado 80202 for inspection by stockholders of Qwest during ordinary business hours for any purpose germane to the Qwest special meeting. The list will also be available at the Qwest special meeting for examination by any stockholder of Qwest of record present at the special meeting.

As of the record date for Qwest's special meeting, the directors and executive officers of Qwest as a group owned and were entitled to vote approximately 8 million shares of the common stock of Qwest, or less than 1.0% of the outstanding shares of the common stock of Qwest on that date. Qwest currently expects that Qwest's directors and executive officers will vote their shares in favor of adopting the merger, although none of them has entered into any agreements obligating them to do so.

Quorum

A quorum is necessary to hold a valid special meeting of Qwest stockholders. A quorum will be present at the Qwest special meeting if the holders of a majority of the outstanding shares of the common stock of Qwest entitled to vote on the record date are present, in person or by proxy. If a quorum is not present at the Qwest special meeting, Qwest expects the presiding officer to adjourn the special meeting in order to solicit

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additional proxies. Abstentions and broker non-votes will be counted as present for purposes of determining whether a quorum is present.

Required Vote

The adoption of the merger agreement requires the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the outstanding shares of common stock of Qwest entitled to vote at the special meeting.

Abstentions and Broker Non-Votes

If you are a Qwest stockholder and fail to vote, fail to instruct your broker or nominee to vote, or vote to abstain, it will have the same effect as a vote against the proposal to adopt the merger agreement.

Voting at the Special Meeting

Whether or not you plan to attend the Qwest special meeting, please vote your shares of Qwest common stock. If your shares of Qwest common stock are held in your name, you may vote in person at the special meeting of Qwest stockholders or by proxy.

Voting in Person

If you plan to attend the Qwest special meeting and wish to vote in person, you will be given a ballot at the special meeting. Please note, however, that if your shares of Qwest common stock are held in "street name," which means your shares of Qwest common stock are held of record by a broker, bank or other nominee, and you wish to vote at the Qwest special meeting, you must bring to the Qwest special meeting a proxy from the record holder (your broker, bank or nominee) of the shares of Qwest common stock authorizing you to vote at the Qwest special meeting. Also please note that if your shares of Qwest common stock are held through Qwest's 401(k) plan, you may attend the special meeting but your shares can only be voted in advance of the meeting by following the voting instructions provided to you by the plan's trustee.

Voting by Proxy

You should vote your proxy even if you plan to attend the Qwest special meeting. You can always change your vote at the Qwest special meeting.

Your enclosed proxy card includes specific instructions for voting your shares of Qwest common stock. Qwest's electronic voting procedures are designed to authenticate your identity and to ensure that your votes are accurately recorded. When the accompanying proxy is returned properly executed, the shares of Qwest common stock represented by it will be voted at the Qwest special meeting or any adjournment thereof in accordance with the instructions contained in the proxy.

If you return your signed proxy card without indicating how you want your shares of Qwest common stock to be voted with regard to a particular proposal, your shares of Qwest common stock will be voted in favor of each such proposal. Proxy cards that are returned without a signature will not be counted as present at the Qwest special meeting and cannot be voted.

If your shares of Qwest common stock are held in an account with a broker, bank or other nominee or through Qwest's 401(k) plan, you have received a separate voting instruction card in lieu of a proxy card and you must follow those instructions in order to vote. If you hold your shares in street name and you do not instruct your broker on how to vote your shares of Qwest common stock, your broker may not vote your shares of Qwest common stock, which will have the same effect as a vote against the proposal to adopt the merger agreement. If you hold your shares through Qwest's 401(k) plan and you do not instruct the plan's trustee on how to vote your shares of Qwest common stock, the trustee will vote in the manner specified in the voting instruction card you received from the trustee.

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Revocation of Proxies or Voting Instructions

You have the power to revoke your proxy at any time before your proxy is voted at the Qwest special meeting. You can revoke your proxy or voting instructions in one of four ways:

- you can send a signed notice of revocation;
- you can grant a new, valid proxy bearing a later date;
- if you are a holder of record of Qwest common stock on the record date for the Qwest special meeting, you can attend the Qwest special meeting and vote in person, which will automatically cancel any proxy previously given, or you can revoke your proxy in person, but your attendance alone will not revoke any proxy that you have previously given; or
- if your shares of Qwest common stock are held in an account with a broker, bank or other nominee or through Qwest's 401(k) plan, you must follow the instructions on the voting instruction card you received in order to change or revoke your instructions.

If you choose either of the first two methods, your notice of revocation or your new proxy must be received by Qwest's Corporate Secretary at 1801 California Street, Denver, Colorado 80202 no later than the beginning of the Qwest special meeting.

Solicitation of Proxies

In accordance with the merger agreement, the cost of proxy solicitation for the Qwest special meeting will be borne by Qwest. In addition to the use of the mail, proxies may be solicited by officers and directors and regular employees of Qwest, without additional remuneration, by personal interview, telephone, facsimile or otherwise. Qwest will also request brokerage firms, nominees, custodians and fiduciaries to forward proxy materials to the beneficial owners of shares of Qwest common stock held of record on the record date and will provide customary reimbursement to such firms for the cost of forwarding these materials. Qwest has retained BNY Mellon Shareowner Services to assist in its solicitation of proxies and has agreed to pay them a fee of approximately \$14,500, plus reasonable expenses, for these services.

THE ISSUANCE OF CENTURYLINK SHARES AND THE MERGER

Effects of the Merger

Upon completion of the merger, SB44 Acquisition Company, a wholly owned subsidiary of CenturyLink formed for the purpose of effecting the merger, will merge with and into Qwest. Qwest will be the surviving corporation in the merger and will thereby become a wholly owned subsidiary of CenturyLink.

In the merger, each outstanding share of Qwest common stock (other than shares owned by Qwest, CenturyLink, or SB44 Acquisition Company, which will be cancelled) will be converted on the effective date of the merger into the right to receive 0.1664 shares of CenturyLink common stock for each share of Qwest common stock owned at closing, with cash paid in lieu of fractional shares. This exchange ratio is fixed and will not be adjusted to reflect stock price changes prior to closing of the merger. CenturyLink shareholders will continue to hold their existing CenturyLink shares.

Background of the Merger

CenturyLink and Qwest periodically review and assess their respective financial and strategic alternatives available to enhance shareholder value. As leading companies in the telecommunications industry, CenturyLink and Qwest are generally familiar with each other's business.

As part of its periodic review and assessment of Qwest's financial and strategic alternatives, in September 2009, management of Qwest conducted a review of the participants in the telecommunications industry and evaluated potential opportunities with such participants, including CenturyLink and a company we refer to as Company A.

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Later in September 2009, Edward A. Mueller, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Qwest, requested that Evercore Partners, which had a relationship with Glen F. Post, III, Chief Executive Officer and President of CenturyLink, introduce Mr. Mueller to Mr. Post so that Mr. Mueller, who did not already know Mr. Post, could arrange a meeting with Mr. Post to share their views of their respective businesses, the state of the industry, and regulatory changes and issues.

Mr. Post and Mr. Mueller met on October 2, 2009 and discussed these issues and potential industry consolidation, including the strategic benefits of potentially combining CenturyLink and Qwest. No specific proposal or terms were discussed at that meeting, and Mr. Post indicated that while a transaction might be of interest, CenturyLink remained fully engaged in the process of integrating the operations of Embarq, which it had acquired on July 1, 2009. Mr. Post reported the above discussions to the CenturyLink board of directors in a communication in late October.

To continue the general business discussion, Mr. Post and Mr. Mueller agreed to have their respective senior management teams meet in November 2009 to share their views and approaches on operational improvements, the state of the industry, various telecommunications technologies and strategic initiatives. On November 11, 2009, CenturyLink and Qwest entered into a confidentiality agreement with respect to business, regulatory and strategic partnering opportunities in anticipation of their meeting. At a breakout session during the November 11, 2009 meeting, representatives of Qwest and CenturyLink discussed the strategic benefits of, and potential issues related to, a combination of CenturyLink and Qwest, including potential synergies, again without reference to any specific proposal or terms. Mr. Post gave an overview of Qwest's business at a regularly scheduled meeting of the CenturyLink board of directors on November 18, 2009.

On a few occasions in November and December 2009, Mr. Post and Mr. Mueller discussed by phone the state of the industry, as well as the possibility of a business combination between CenturyLink and Qwest.

In late November 2009, Qwest had exploratory discussions and shared materials with Company A regarding several potential strategic transactions.

Mr. Post and Mr. Mueller met again on December 20 and December 21, 2009, expressed their views that there were strong potential benefits from a combination of the two companies, discussed the possibility that CenturyLink would be the acquirer in such a transaction, and agreed to meet to discuss possible terms of a merger in February 2010 following both companies' announcements of earnings for fiscal year 2009. While no specific proposal was made, Mr. Post expressed his views as to guiding principles on valuation, and his view that consideration in the form of CenturyLink common stock would be appropriate for the transaction since CenturyLink and Qwest were in the same industry and their fortunes would be reasonably expected to rise and fall together. Mr. Post reported on his discussions with Mr. Mueller in a January 9, 2010 communication to the CenturyLink board of directors and at a regularly scheduled meeting of the CenturyLink board of directors of January 19, 2010. No action was taken at the meeting with respect to any transaction involving Qwest.

Also, in late December 2009, Qwest had preliminary discussions with a private equity firm, Company B, regarding a potential joint venture proposal. In mid January 2010, Company B and the management of Qwest had further discussions regarding a potential joint venture and Company B made a presentation regarding its views on a potential joint venture. In late January 2010, Mr. Mueller met with Company B regarding the potential joint venture and also discussed the possibility of Company B acquiring Qwest. Qwest and Company B entered into a confidentiality agreement on February 10, 2010 that included a one-year standstill provision. In early February 2010, the Chief Executive Officer of Company A indicated to Mr. Mueller that Company A was not interested in pursuing a transaction with Qwest at that time. Qwest believed that Company A was not interested because its strategic focus was elsewhere.

On February 16, 2010, since Qwest was in active discussions with CenturyLink and Company B regarding potential strategic alternatives, Qwest contacted Lazard and engaged it as its lead financial advisor to assist with Qwest's review of potential strategic alternatives.

Qwest announced its earnings for the fourth quarter and full year 2009 on February 16, 2010. At a regularly scheduled board of directors meeting of Qwest on February 17 and 18, 2010, Mr. Mueller reported on preliminary discussions with CenturyLink. Mr. Mueller also indicated that Company A was not interested in a